THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1775. [NUMBER 1682.]

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

OR,

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, published 8th December 1774.
Flour at 20/ per Cent.

A WHITE Loaf of ſineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 8 ½ oz. for 4 Coppers.

PRICE CURRENT in NEW YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	6/ 6	Beef per Barrel	45/ 0
Flour	18 0	Pork	60 0
Brown Bread	24 6	Salt	2/3 to 3 0
Weſt-India Rum	3 5	India tea, *Liberty & Property*	
New-England do.	2 6	Chocol. per Doz.	21 9
Muſcovado Sugar	65 0	Bees Wax	2 3
Single refin'd ditto	1 2	Indian Corn per Buſh.	3 0
Molaſſes	2 1	Wood	20 to 35

High-Water at New-York, and Sun's Riſing and Setting, till Thurſday next.

	Age	High Water.	riſes H.	M.	ſets H.	
Thurſday	30	8	after 5	47	before 6	
Friday	1	9	5	45	6	
Saturday	2	10	5	44	6	
Sunday	3	11	5	42	6	
Monday	4	12	5	40	6	
Tueſday	5	1	5	39	6	
Wedneſday	6	2	5	38	6	

Days 12 Hours 26 Min the 30th.

CHIMNEY OFFICE 25th *March*, 1775.

TWO of the Chimnies under the care of the Subſcriber having lately taken fire, he finds himſelf obliged to give this notice to the Subſcribers of his Propoſals for a Chimney Office:—That for their own ſecurity, as well as his reputation, it is abſolutely neceſſary, that they ſhould permit their Chimnies to be ſwept at the ſtated times when their turns come about according to the terms of the propoſals and agreement before mentioned; otherwiſe it will be impoſſible for him to anſwer for the conſequences; and in caſe any of the Chimnies under his care ſhould take fire, he will be obliged, in his own vindication to ſhew, that the accident did not happen through his fault, and to publiſh the names of the proprietors.

And whereas, he has now on his book, upwards of one hundred houſes, where, after due notice, the owners have refuſed to have their chimnies ſwept in turn, ſaying, "that they did not yet want ſweeping, or, "that a Sweeper ſhould be ſent for, if wanted before the next turn came about"—He therefore thinks it neceſſary to remind them, that if by theſe means or any other fault of the proprietors of Chimnies under his care they ſhould take fire, that he is not accountable for ſuch accident, happening without any fault of his.

It is now about eleven months ſince he began this buſineſs, in which time but three fires have happened among the Chimnies of his Subſcribers, nor was he blameable on account of any of theſe.

The firſt was occaſioned by a mere accident in the kitchen chimney of Mr. Alexander Wallace, merchant. The Subſcriber, not knowing that there were two of the ſame name, in the ſame ſtreet, ſent his clerk James Maxwell, to give notice to Mr Wallace, that his chimney was to be ſwept in turn —— The Clerk on enquiry, was directed to the houſe of Alexander Wallace Tallow-chandler, then lately dead: The Widow ſaid, her huſband being dead, ſhe had no occaſion of a Chimney ſweeper;—on which report the name was erazed from the Subſcriber's book. He heard no more of the matter till three months after this, when the Chimney of Mr. A Wallace, Merchant (whom the Subſcriber did not then know to be one of his cuſtomers) took fire

The ſecond accident of the kind, was in the Chimney of Mr. Caine, who had been but about three months a Subſcriber.—Before that, by the neglect of former Sweepers, the ſoot had been ſo caked and hardened, that the Sweeper could not break or looſen it with his ſcraper, and could only ſweep off the part that was looſe and uncemented—After the hardened ſoot had been broke and looſened by the fire, there were nine pail fulls of it taken from the chimney.

The third accident was in the Chimney of Mr. Rem Rapalje in Crown ſtreet.—About three weeks ago, notice was given at his houſe, that his Chimney was to be ſwept in turn, and the Sweepers were accordingly ſent, but they were told, that the Chimney did not yet want ſweeping and diſmiſſed; whereby the Chimney was expoſed to the accident that happened to it this day—But the Subſcriber hopes none of theſe accidents will be imputed to him as he has conſtantly taken care, that the buſineſs of his Office ſhould be faithfully performed.

82—85 *HERMAN ZEDTWITZ.*

A New Adverſiſement.

RICHARD DEANE, DISTILLER,

Living between the College and the North River, in Murray Street, near Mount-Pleaſant, formerly called Vauxhall.

BEING fully convinced that for ſome time paſt, ſeveral diſtillers in the city have underſold me in Brandy, Geneva, and Cordials, and by that means have got away part of my cuſtomers; I beg leave to form the public, my friends, and cuſtomers, that I can afford to ſell ſaid liquors on as cheap terms as any other can theirs of an equal quality I believe it cannot be denied, that I was the firſt diſtiller that ever made brandy and Geneva for ſale in this province, and conſequently have been the means of introducing a buſineſs, whereby the country ſaves annually large ſums of money that muſt otherwiſe have gone to foreign parts. To convince the public that my terms of ſale will be as reaſonable as thoſe of any other perſon whatever, I ſhall mention the prices I will now ſell at, and ſhall continue to do ſo until I advertiſe to the contrary; at the ſame time, I do aſſure all thoſe who may incline to favour me with their cuſtom, that if any other perſon ſells liquors of equal quality with mine, cheaper than the rates undernexth, I will immediately ſell for the ſame price being fully determined not to be underſold by any perſon whatever The great demand for my liquors in moſt parts of North America, &c. is a ſufficient proof of their excellence.

I will now ſell as follows, for CASH:

Brandy and Gin at 4s 2d per gallon.

Clove, orange, and aniſeed waters, as alſo Dr. Stephen's and all fours, at 2s 6d. per gallon.

Likewiſe, raſberry and cherry brandy cherry rum, ſhrub, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt India and New York rum, Madeira and Teneriffe wines, &c. on the moſt reaſonable terms.

I am moſt gratefully thankful to my friends and cuſtomers for their many paſt favours, and am determined to uſe every means in my power to continue their friendſhip; and though I have lowered the prices of my brandy, Geneva, and cordials conſiderably, yet I ſhall ſtill make my brandy and Geneva of a fine quality, and high proof, as uſual; nor ſhall I diminiſh the goodneſs of my cordials in any reſpect whatever, being fully convinced, that conſiderable ſales, attended with a quick return, though ſmall profits, will anſwer the deſired end, of the public's 82—

Very obliged, and humble Servant.

New York Feb. 20 1775 R DEANE.

To be ſold or rented,

THE houſe and lot in Elizabeth Town, New-Jerſey, in which Iſaac Woodruff jun. lately lived. There are on the premiſes a good ſtable, chair-houſe, and cow houſe, with an extraordinary garden abounding in different ſort of fruits of the beſt kinds. The whole very convenient for a large family, and may be entered on immediately. Inquire of the ſubſcriber at Elizabeth Town, or of Lewis Pintard, in New York. March 28.

82— Elias Boudinot.

New York March 14th 1775.

By the Mayor Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that on Monday the third day of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at the Common Council Chamber, in the City-Hall, of the ſaid city of New York; the ſtalls and ſtandings in the ſeveral markets of this city, and alſo the Wharves and Slips of the ſaid city, will be let to farm by public vendue or Outcry, to the higheſt bidder, for the term of two years, to commence the firſt day of May next —The conditions of Leaſe to be ſeen daily at the Town Clerk's office, in New-York.

By order of the Common Council.

AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT.

To be diſpoſed of for a Term of Years, a Number of

Servants and Redemptioners,

Juſt arrived from ENGLAND,

On board the ſhip York, Capt. Ackland lying near Lupton's Wharf; among which are

STONE and Brick Maſons	Barber
Stone Cutters	A Water Maker
Wool Comb Makers	Tanners
Weavers	Butchers
Hatters	Sugar Bakers
A Clock Maker	A Bread and Sugar Baker
Hoſiers	Farmers
Blackſmiths—White do.	A Warehouſe Man
Brick and Tile Makers	Clerks
Braſs Founders	Millers
A Mathematical Inſtrument Maker	Gardeners
	A Coachman
A Guilder and Carver	Hoſtlers
Ship Wright and Caulker	Grooms
Sail Makers	Footmen
Shoe Makers	Lawyers
Carpenters	Labourers
A Paper Stainer	Whalers

For particulars, enquire of Wm. Butler, Richard Banker, or ſaid Captain on board. 81—84

Francis Lewis and Son,

At their ſtore near the Fly Market, have for ſale the following goods, imported the laſt Fall viz.

BROAD cloths of various prices
Red ſtrouds, ſhalloons,
Tamies, tabbyretts,
Durants, pruſſellas,
Camletts, camletteens,
Callamancos, crapes,
German ſerge
Imboſſ'd ſerge
Sagathees, blue duffels,
Coating
Striped & Roſe blankets
Printed cottons, cotton and chintzes
Cambricks lawns and muſlins, plain & flower'd
Sattins modes & peelongs
Black velvet
Tambour ſilk veſts
Indian lutestrings and perſians
¾ and yard wide Iriſh linens
Iriſh ſheeting
Hamburgh Dowlaſs
Platillas Royal
Ruſſia ſail cloth
Ruſſia Drillings
Ravens duck
Diaper and Damaſk table linen
Furniture & other checks
A variety of ribbons
Black, blond and thread lace
Flower'd and ſpotted gauze
Coſſage of all ſizes, from a 11 inch cable to a ratline
White lines of all ſorts
Tackle falls & tiller ropes
Whale lines, the beſt ſort
Tarr'd and ſeine twine
Bed ticking
Muſquito netting for beds
Looking glaſſes
Long and ſhort handle frying pans
Sithes and ſickles, &c.

ALSO

Jamaica ſpirits
Teneriffe wine
White wine vinegar
Caſtile ſoap
Double flint decanters, and wine glaſſes.

N. B. Several packages of their Spring goods, are yet unopened. 81—

Juſt publiſhed and to be ſold.

By WILLIAM GREEN,

Bookbinder at Mr. Lenzi's, Confectioner, nearly oppoſite the Queens Head,

A NEARNEST ADDRESS

to ſuch of the people called Quakers, as are ſincerely deſirous of ſupporting and maintaining the Chriſtian Teſtimony of their Anceſtors occaſioned by a piece entitled —"The people called Quakers, given "forth by a Meeting of the Repreſentatives "of ſaid people in Penſylvania and New "Jerſey, held at Philadelphia the twenty "fourth day of the firſt month, 1775."

Exod viii 15 16 Ile x 17 88

The CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

SINCE the Catalogue was publiſhed, is enlarged by the addition of ſeveral hundred volumes, amongſt which are the celebrated lord Cheſterfield's letters.—Campbell's lives of the Admirals.—Maitland's hiſtory of London 2 vols. folio.—Dictionary of arts and ſciences.—Boyle's philoſophical works.—Philoſophical tranſactions, 10 vols.—Lady Ruſſel's letters.—Burke on the ſublime.—Novels a variety.—Hiſtory, a conſiderable number and ſundry miſcellaneous pieces.——A Supplement to the Library Catalogue will be publiſhed ſoon.

☞ The Proprietor continues to collect more Books for the Library, and gives the beſt prices for any old Library or parcel of Books.—Every opportunity in his power ſhall be improved to increaſe the variety and number of uſeful Books, that his Library may be rendered more and more a laſting fund of knowledge and entertainment.

The Library is open from morning to eight at night, and the Readers may have a Book exchanged if they pleaſe, every day, by their very humble ſervant, SAMUEL LOUDON.

N. B. The following is a ſketch of the rules, which are more particular in the Library Catalogue.——Yearly ſubſcribers to pay 20 s—Half yearly, 12s—Quarterly 8s.—to be paid at ſubſcribing—One volume to be delivered at a time to ſubſcribers in the city—Subſcribers in the country to have three or four volumes.——A reaſonable time is allowed for reading according to the ſize of the Book. 77—8

To be SOLD,

A GOOD FARM at Fowling's Purchaſe (alias Staatsburgh) in Dutcheſs County joining Hudſon's River and on both Sides of the Poſt Road; containing about One Hundred and Seventy Acres of Land whereof about Sixty Acres are cleared, including an Orchard of One Hundred Apple Trees, and about Fifteen Acres of Meadow Ground, and many more to clear. The Remainder well watered and timbered; alſo a Log Houſe with two Rooms therein. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid Farm may apply to George Stoever, living on the Premiſes, who will give a good Title for the ſame.

81 84

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN the 20th Inſtant, out of the Stable of the Subſcriber, a Sorel MARE with a large white Face, her two right Feet white. At the ſame Time alſo was ſtolen, an old Saddle and Bridle. Whoever will take up ſaid Mare, and deliver her to Daniel Gouldſmith, in New York, or to the Subſcriber living in Cortland's Manor, ſhall be intitled to the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid by me.

81 4 *SAMUEL FROTH*

THIS is to give notice to all thoſe who have any demands on Joſeph Rodman jun. either by bond, note or book debt, to bring in their accounts at the houſe of James Kelly, in New-Rochelle on Monday the 10th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the morning, in order that they may be examined, and a dividend made of the ſaid Rodman's eſtate, for the creditors, by us

Joſeph Drake, Peter Flandren, } Truſtees.

81 83

New Rochelle, March 14th, 1775.

LEGHORN, *December* 10.

A few days arrived in our road a Dutch frigate of war, by which we learn the following intereſting piece of intelligence:—About the month of May laſt a Dutch Eaſt India man was found ſtranded on the coaſt of Japan by ſome fiſhers of that coaſt, who went on board of it, and finding it totally abandoned, they ſeized every thing on board and carried it to the government of Japan; unluckily there was found a Packet directed for the Dutch Eaſt India company which was interpreted to the Emperor by a Jeſuit, and which made ſome important diſcoveries, ſo that the Emperor immediately proclaimed a war againſt the Dutch.

LONDON, December 31.

They write from Cadiz that four regiments of Spaniſh troops are expected there, to embark on board ſome men of war going to Africa, in order to attempt ſomething againſt the Moors, who, it is ſaid, have blocked up Ceuta with 50,000 men.

By letters from Liſbon we learn, that his Portugueſe Majeſty has ordered the duty on leaf tobacco from America to be taken off; an exemption which occaſioned ſome ſpeculation, as at a time that every poſſible obſtruction is thrown in the way of the Britiſh commerce, the greateſt encouragement is given to that of the colonies.

BOSTON, March 20.

Thurſday laſt the following Remonſtrance was preſented to his Excellency.

May it pleaſe your EXCELLENCY,

WE the ſelectmen of the town of Billerica, beg leave to remonſtrate to your Excellency, That on the 8th of this inſtant, March, one Thomas Ditſon, an inhabitant of ſaid town of Billerica, was tarred and feathered and very much abuſed by a party of his majeſty's 47th regiment, under the command of lieutenant colonel Neſbit. As guardians for ſaid town, and from a regard to the liberties and properties of its inhabitants, we cannot but reſent this proceedure. Your excellency muſt be ſenſible that this act is an *high infraction* on that perſonal ſecurity which every Engliſhman is intitled to; and without which an boaſted conſtitution is but a name.

It is ſufficiently unhappy for us, that we find troops quartered among us for the purpoſe of enforcing obedience to acts of parliament of Great Britain, in the higheſt ſenſe, *inquitous cruel* and *unjuſt*. It is ſtill more unhappy, if theſe troops, inſtead of preſerving the character which Britiſh troops once had, ſhould pour in additional inſult, and be guilty of the moſt *brutal outrages*. We hope your excellency will take ſome proper ſteps for accommodating this affair: for we aſſure you, we cannot, conſiſtent with our duty paſs this matter over. We have been told by your excellency, that you never meant to *diſturb the intercourſe* between the town and the county. Confiding in this, we have paſſed and repaſſed in our uſual manner. We therefore hope your excellency will make it evident by your *conduct*, that you are determined the intercourſe ſhall be preſerved, and we be not buoyed up with *promiſes* which in the end we unhappily find *not to be depended upon*. Lieutenant colonel Neſbit is an officer under your excellency's command: Of *you*, therefore, We DEMAND ſatisfaction, for the inſult committed by him. We think it is in your power. We beg your excellency that the breach now too wide between Great Britain and this province, may not by ſuch brutality of his troops, ſtill be increaſed. We aſſure you, ſir, it always has been, and ſtill is, our ſentiment and prayer, that harmony may be reſtored; and that we may not be drove to the laſt diſtreſs of nations.

But may it pleaſe your excellency, we muſt tell you, we are determined, if the innocent inhabitants of our country towns, (for we muſt think this man innocent in this affair) muſt be interrupted by ſoldiers, in their lawful intercouſe with the town of Boſton, and treated with the moſt brutiſh ferocity, We ſhall hereafter uſe a different ſtyle from that of petition and complaint.

If the grand bulwarks of our conſtitution are thus violently torn away, and the powers on earth prove unfriendly to the cauſe of virtue, liberty and humanity, We are ſtill happy. We can appeal to him, who judgeth righteouſly; and to him, we cheerfully leave the event.

To his Excellency General GAGE.

" *Individuals may err, but the public* " *judgment is infallible; they only want a* " *just information of facts to make a proper* " *comment.*"

Mr. HOLT,

WHEN the doctrine of slavery, finds so many interested writers to defend it by fraud and sophistry; it is the indispensable duty of every honest man, whether born on this or the other side of the Atlantic, to detect their specious fallacies and artful misrepresentations, so that the deluded may see the impending danger before they headlessly plunge themselves into an abyss of misery and thraldom from which they never can be extricated.——Alas! what is not to be dreaded, when we see military stripplings heading a licentious Mob, and instead of supporting our constitution, using every delusion and artifice to encourage their ignorant followers to destroy it? Spouting to the rabble fragments of oratory, the produce of distempered brains, or the dissipated ideas of a last night's debauch!—King George the Third forever, huzza!—King George the Third forever, huzza!—Thus, inflaming the minds of the ignorant, credulous and unwary, with bursts of loyal Rhetoric, that would do honour to the first *Orator* of *Billingsgate*, eagerly advising their hirelings and dependents to join their impious hands in sapping the foundation of a fabrick, cemented with the blood of some of the most exalted individuals that ever adorned humanity.————Can Englishmen, can Americans, think of those worthies, without dropping a grateful tear to their memory!—Can we think of such exalted characters without emulation!—Can we think of their noble struggles in the face of power!—Of their cruel sufferings in the cause of freedom, arbitrary fines, imprisonments, &c. without an abhorrence of slavery, and a detestation of the Sycophants, who, to obtain favour from our unmerciful rulers, are courting their fellow citizens to embrace shackles for themselves and posterity! This is not a false portrait; the daily conduct of an interested, designing, unnatural party in this city, is too obvious, and evinces the truth of what I have advanced.

It is true the contest is arduous, but when properly stated, it is simple and easily understood. The British parliament claims a right to tax and bind the Americans in all cases whatsoever, when, in reality, a British Parliament has no more right to tax an American in any thing, than they have a right to tax the people in Japan; for by this means you are robbed of the democratical part of the constitution, the very essence of English liberty; by such a submission, the whole constitution is unhinged, and in place of a limited, you become instantly subject to as absolute a government as any upon the face of the earth; and as by this means, you are divested of any share of legislating for yourselves, you by the same means become as abject slaves, " *as those* " *who wear wooden shoes and uncombed* " *hair.*" A striking example of the wretchedness of those under arbitrary government, as well as an alarm beacon for *Free Men*, Believe not, Americans, the sophistry of men, associated for your destruction; their aim is not to attain truth; they wrangle but for victory, and they care not by what infamous means they obtain it.—The attempts made to abridge English liberty by a Ministerial Junto, as well as the unconstitutional strides to shackle the Americans, are too apparent to need any comment. Look where you will you must be startled! In England, Lord North and his Associates, are forging engines of parliamentary tyranny for you!—General Gage, with a large standing army, is endeavouring to reduce the inhabitants of the Massachusetts Bay to a state of the most abject slavery and vassalage!—And in Canada, How melancholy the reflection!—We behold a Popish Bishop and a military Governour, invested with powers unknown to the English constitution; a power that extends over one half of British America.—Popish laws in that vast country are established, by a British parliament;—Popish customs are cherished by a British Ministry, and the Representative of the See of Rome has become the confident and companion of the Representative of a British Monarch. A superstitious, bigotted Canadian Papist, though ever so profligate, is now esteemed a better subject to our gracious Sovereign George the Third, than a liberal, enlightened New England Dissenter, though ever so virtuous. And why?—Because wickedness, superstition, and bigottry, are enemies to reason and common sense, and are therefore the only qualities that will endear you to a Minister despotically disposed, or to a venal corrupt parliament, whose endeavours to rear a system of tyranny, to enslave a brave, a free, and a loyal people, are too obvious. No honest man, no man who values his freedom, who is really a faithful and a loyal subject, but must be alarmed at the attempt, and abhor the wicked projectors.

With sorrow do I observe it, that ever since the fatal æra, when a Jacobite became unfortunately the preceptor and favourite of a British Prince, English politicks have been totally reversed. The men that were and are the real friends to the house of Hanover, are now become objects of their hate, and the old friends of the house of Stewart, are at once transmigrated into friends to the house of Hanover. Were it possible for our forefathers to rise from the grave, they could not believe what they would now behold.——Men that were in open rebellion against George II. the favourites of George III. and men who bravely opposed that unnatural rebellion, treated like rebels.—Tories, Jacobites, and even rebels have found favour at the court of our present amiable Monarch; while Whigs, the favourites of Geo. II. have been, and are treated with coolness, indifference, and contempt; the real friends of the constitution, and the present illustrious family, are deemed enemies to their country, and wantonly branded by court minions, with the appellation of rebels; —while Tories and Jacobites, the supporters of despotism, are caressed, loaded with favours.—and on all occasions, dignified and rewarded, with marks and tokens of royal approbation! These parodoxes, Mr. Printer, I shall leave to the consideration of your readers, and hope some of your ingenious correspondents will favour us with a solution of them; in the mean time I shall occasionally furnish you with such reflections on public affairs, as may occur to your reader and friend.

BRITANNICUS.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 11.

To Col. Andrew Lewis, and Mr. John Bowyer.

Gentlemen,

FOR your past service, you have our thanks, and we presume it is all the reward ye desire. And as we have again committed to you the greatest trust we can confer (that of appearing for us in the great Council of the colony) we think it expedient ye hear our sentiments at this important juncture. And first, we require you to represent us with hearts replete with the most grateful and loyal veneration for the race of Brunswick, for they have been truly our fathers; and at the same time the most dutiful affection for our Sovereign, of whose honest heart we cannot entertain any diffidence; but sorry we are to add, that in his councils we can no longer confide: A set of miscreants, unworthy to administer the laws of Britain's empire, have been permitted impiously to sway. How unjustly, cruelly, and tyrannically, they have invaded our rights, we need not now put you in mind. We only say, and we assert it with pride, that the subjects of Britain are *one*; and when the honest man of Boston, who has broke no law, has his property wrested from him, the hunter on the Allegany must take the alarm, and, as a *Freeman* of America, he will fly to his representatives, and thus instruct them: Gentlemen, my gun, my tomahawk, my life, I desire you to tender to the honour of my King and country; but my LIBERTY, to range these woods on the same terms my father has done, is not mine to give up; it was not purchased by me, and purchased it was; it is intailed on my son, and the tenure is sacred. Watch over it, gentlemen, for to him it must descend unviolated, if my arm can defend it; but if not, if wicked power is permitted to prevail against me, the original purchase was blood, and mine shall seal the surrender.

That our countrymen, and the world, may know our disposition, we choose that this be published. And we have one request to add, that is, that the SONS of WORTH and FREEDOM, who appeared for us at Philadelphia, will accept our most ardent, grateful acknowledgments; and we hereby plight them our faith, that we will religiously observe their resolutions, and obey their instructions, in contempt of power and temporary interest; and should the measures they have wisely calculated for our relief fail, *we will stand prepared for every contingency.* We are Gentlemen, your dutiful, &c.

The FREEHOLDERS of BOTETOURT.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 22.

Since our last, sailed from this port for Boston his Majesty's cutter Diana, Capt. Graves, with a large quantity of Dollars, squeezed from the traders of this port, for the maintenance of a band of ————.

As every person that visits a place leaves a character behind him.—A correspondent remarks that the Captain and crew of the Diana, have left that of men who rode at the top of their commission, and acted as if they thought it entitled them to abuse every man they found trading in this river, by word or actions, and destroying their property, though strictly obeying the laws, the observers of which, they pretend, they are sent to protect.

Extract of a letter from Boston, March 12.

" Last Monday Dr. Warren delivered an oration against the effects of standing armies in free governments, &c. There was a prodigious concourse of people present, and amongst them, in the most conspicuous part of the house, about 40 officers.—The oration was spirited, yet free from particular reflections on mercenary troops.——The red-coated gentry behaved with tolerable decency till after the Doctor had finished; when, taking exception at the words of the vote that was put for the appointment of an Orator for the next year, one of them cried out *fie! fie!*—this exclamation was seconded by two or three others; and the people thinking that it was the cry of *fire*, great confusion was occasioned; many of the women jumped out of the windows, and much mischief would have ensued, had not the gentlemen in the desk very strenuously exerted themselves to restore quiet, which, after some time, they effected. The pronouncing this oration must be construed as a public affront to Mr. Gage in both his stations; as General of the army, and Governor of the province; in the first, as it was a reflection in general on standing armies in time of peace; and in the other, as it was in a Town meeting held directly contrary to an act of parliament; to enforce which, his Excellency came to Boston.—Nor is it a small proof of the spirit of the inhabitants, who, in defiance of a fleet and army with the muzzles of their guns at their doors, dared to tell them, that they were an illegal body of men and the tools of *tyrants*.—We had a most extraordinary exhibition here last Thursday.—As the populace of Boston have thought fit to repeal the *tarring and feathering act*, the King's troops have thought fit to revive the said statute; and, in consequence of such a determination, gave us a specimen of a *Royal Mob*.—The soldiers have been encouraged by their officers to take every method of tricking the unwary.—An honest countryman, on Wednesday, was inquiring for a firelock; a soldier heard him, and told him, he had one which he would sell; away goes the Ignoramus, and after paying the soldier very honestly for the gun, (which was only an old one without a lock) was walking off, when half a dozen seized him, and hurried the poor fellow away under guard, for a breach of the act against trading with the soldiers; and, after keeping him in duress all night, the next morning, instead of carrying him before a magistrate, who, on complaint, would have fined him, (as has been the case in several instances) the officers condemned the man, without a hearing, to be *tarred and feathered*; which was accordingly executed.—After stripping him naked and covering him with tar and feathers, they mounted him upon a one horse truck, and surrounding the truck with a guard of twenty soldiers with fixed bayonets, accompanied with all the drums and fifes of the regiment, (47th) and a number of officers, negroes, sailors, &c. exhibited him as a spectacle through the principal streets of the town.—They fixed a label on the man's back, on which was wrote, AMERICAN LIBERTY, OR A SPECIMEN OF DEMOCRACY. and to add to the insult they played *Yankee Doodle*.——O Britain! how art thou fallen! Is it not enough that British troops, who were once the terror of France and Spain, should be made the instruments of butchering thy children? But must they descend also to exploits too infamously dirty for any but the meanest of the mobility to practise?——What a wretched figure will the Boston expedition hereafter make in the Historic Page!"

Extract of a letter from Harford county, in Maryland, to his friend in this city, March 13, 1775.

" I was last week at Baltimore, where I was witness to a manoeuvre in government, which has greatly astonished and alarmed the people. It is nothing less than almost a total revolution in the Magistracy, which, we hear, is to be executed throughout the province. The reason of this unprecedented stretch of power is now easily understood; the Magistrates of this province being in general, firmly attached to the liberties of their country, and resolved, strictly to adhere to the determination of the Congress. Those of Baltimore county were men of firm and independent spirits, having nothing to hope, nor nothing to fear from government, and were highly acceptable to the people for their faithful and unwearied attendance on public business.

During the sitting of court, which was last week, a rumour was spread abroad, that a new commission was expected, and some of the old magistrates were said to be dismissed, and a set of men introduced in their places, the very mentioning of whose names was looked upon as a burlesque on Magistracy. The commission however was produced in court, and read, when it was found that nine of the oldest and best Magistrates were left out, and eleven others named, some of whom had never been heard of by the people, and others but too well known for their uniform opposition to every measure that has been adopted for the preservation of American freedom. The astonishment, contempt, and indignation, which were visible in the countenance of all present, gave disagreeable apprehensions, lest some violence should succeed: but temperate resentment was adopted, and will be pursued —No reason was alledged for such a violent insult on the Bench, nor could at first be conjectured.

KEYSER's CELEBRATED PILLS,
TO BE SOLD BY
WILLIAM STEWART,
In Queen Street, opposite the Fly Market;
WHO has just received a quantity of the genuine sort from Paris, with a certificate to prove their genuineness, signed by the widow Keyser, the 14th day of last July, which will be shewn to any person desirous of seeing it.

He has on hand a fresh assortment of
Genuine DRUGS and MEDICINES,
Which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, either for cash, or at the usual credit. 82 8

EARTHEN WARE,
NOW manufacturing, and to be sold at that well-known House called Kaerhemer's Mead-House, about mid way between the New City Hall, and the Tea-Water Pump, on the left hand side of the road as you go out of the city; where city and country store-keepers may be supplied with any quantity of said Ware, at reasonable rates. The Ware is far superior to the generality, and equal to the best of any imported from Philadelphia, or elsewhere, and consists of butter, water, pickle and oyster pots, porringers, milk pans of several sizes, jugs of several sizes, chamber pots, quart and pint mugs, quart, pint and half pint bowls, of various colours; small cups of different shapes, striped and coloured dishes of divers colours, pudding pans and wash basons, sauce pans, and a variety of other sorts of ware, too tedious to particularize, by the manufacturer, late from Philadelphia.
JONATHAN DURELL.
N. B. The purchaser of twenty shillings, or upwards, may depend on having it delivered in any part of this city, without charge.

HENRY DOUGAN,
Late Surgeon to his Majesty's 29th Regiment of Foot,
TAKES this method to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has taken the house and lot nearly opposite to Thomas Latham, and now occupied by Joseph Shotwell, jun. at Raway, in the province of New-Jersey; where he proposes to practice Surgery, Physick, and Midwifery: The experience he has had by attending the Military, and the advantage of walking all his Majesty's Hospitals during a thirteen years service in the above department he flatters himself will be a sufficient recommendation to the impartial public, whose favours he is, and always will be desirous to gain and merit, by his constant assiduity, and close attendance on business.
He begs leave further to acquaint the public, that after serving a regular apprenticeship to the branches of Surgery and Physick, he separately studied, for the term of three years, the art of Midwifery, under one of the most eminent practitioners in Europe; after which he attended upon the Lying-in Hospital for several years, and had daily experience in that important science.
Raway, March 23d, 1775. 8t 4

SCRIVENER's OFFICE
Established in June 1764, by
JOHN C. KNAPP,
Attorney at Law, &c. B. R.
WHO has made it his constant study and endeavour to extend the utility thereof to all ranks of people, and flatters himself the eligible undertaking stands generally approved, many persons having experienced those salutary measures advised, to prevent the being involved in law without other possible expectation than great trouble, a disquieted mind, and a consumptive pocket.
As every new day brings with it fresh trouble, so time continues to bring from distant parts strangers of various occupations and distinctions, loaded more or less with their difficulties, whereof some may be in the power of this office to relieve, in which, gratitude to those your many favours I have so sensibly received, will ever command my utmost attention.
In all cases of Law and Equity, on deeds, wills and other writings, you may depend my opinion and advice will be the most candid, strictly agreeable to the letter of the law, and such plain reasons laid down in support thereof, as to give the desired satisfaction.
Debts recovered in an easy expeditious manner, at most times without law.
Executors and administrators instructed in the regular execution of their office, whereby to avoid those difficulties and inconveniencies which arise from the want of knowledge therein.
It often happens that persons from the country, as well as others, are in want of mortgages, wills, deeds, petitions, &c. to be immediately drawn, which business will be executed with the utmost care, and in the shortest time the nature thereof will possibly admit. Also, letters of attorney, certificates, &c. perfected under the city seal, or otherwise, as the case may require.
Money at most times to be had on approved real or personal security, or bottomry, and for the discount of good bills, bonds or notes. All persons favouring this office with lending out their money, may depend the utmost care will be taken of their interests.
All other the general business of this office, executed with strict integrity, and the most immediate dispatch, on such determined low fees, as to give the commonality the most easy access.
☞ Seven thousand five hundred acres of very valuable land as heretofore advertised, in the township of Pincastle to be sold
Also, a set of very complete surveyors instruments altogether or separate. 8t 4

Josias S. Vavasor,
GIVES notice, that he proposeth on the 1st of May, to move from facing the Fly Market, to Potbaker's Hill, next door to the Hon. Judge Horsmanden's; where he will continue to carry on the millenary, and fancy mounting business, and has to dispose of at public vendue, on the eighteenth of April, all his shop goods now on hand, consisting of a great variety, to continue until all are sold. 8t 4

March, 14th 1775, P. M.

THE Committee of Observation for the Township of Freehold in the county of Monmouth, New Jersey, have made repeated applications to the inhabitants of the Township of Shrewsbury, earnestly requesting and exhorting them to comply with the instructions of the late American Congress, in constituting for themselves a Committee of Observation, that they might conspire with their brethren in the other towns belonging to the county, in executing the Resolves of said Congress:—But, although they have entertained hopes, notwithstanding their former opposition, that they would do it at their stated annual Town Meeting, they are at this late hour informed, that the said annual Meeting of Shrewsbury, is broke up without a Committee being chosen or any one step taken, whereby the least disposition is discovered of their being inclined to adopt the Resolutions of said Congress.——They think it therefore their duty, however painful the declaration, to bear public testimony against them.

And we do now unanimously enter into the following resolve, viz. That from and after this day, during our continuance as a Committee, (unless they shall turn from the evil of their ways, and testify their repentance, by adopting the measures of the Congress,) we will esteem and treat them, the said inhabitants of Shrewsbury, as enemies to their King and country and deserters from the common cause of true freedom; and we will hereafter break off all dealings and connection with them, while they continue their opposition.—We do furthermore recommend the same conduct towards them, to our constituents, and all others; earnestly hoping it may be a means of reclaiming those deluded people, to their duty and interest, whom we shall always be pleased to receive and treat as returning prodigals.

Signed by order of the Committee.

NATHANIEL SCUDDER, Clk.

To the *PUBLIC.*

WHEN the character of any individual is unjustly attacked, especially in a public manner, it becomes his indispentable duty, to declare his innocence, lest his silence should be attributed to a consciousness of the justice of the charge.—It is this principle that induces the Subscriber to take notice of an Advertisement, which a few days since, was put up in several parts of this city, containing the most attrocious falsehoods, at least so far as it may have relation to him.—Of all persons he least expected to find himself accused of being, in any shape, engaged in political matters, much less of being a Traitor and Incendiary, words of whose import he conceives his accusers are intirely ignorant.—What foundation there is for a charge of this nature against him, he cannot possibly conceive; since, if he knows his own conduct, he has never in the least concerned himself in any of the controversies and divisions amongst us, and above all, is innocent of the facts charged upon him in the above mentioned Advertisement.—Though a friend to the Liberties of his country, he has been always contented to be a mere spectator;—to men of more consequences, he left the honour of taking an active part in political measures.—In this situation, he had a right to expect unmolested quiet and security from malice: For what but malice could induce his enemies to pronounce him guilty of actions, to which no motive could prompt him? Actions, which common sense and discretion would teach him most studiously to avoid.—That he has been any way concerned in fomenting any disturbances that may have happened (for he knows of none) between Staten Island and Elizabeth Town, Woodbridge and New York.—That he was in any manner knowing or consenting to the Mock appointment of a Committee for Richmond County, lately published in Mr. Rivington's paper;—that he was ever on board the ship mentioned in the said Advertisement, or offered to assist in unlading her, or that he knew of any Tar and Feathers being provided, or of any threats to tar and feather Capt. Sears and Captain M'Dougall, which are the several charges contained in that villainous publication, he denies; and he here calls upon his accusers (whom he has in vain endeavoured to discover) to prove all or either of these accusations against him. In the mean time, he flatters himself, that his fellow-citizens, will not give credit to a charge, so injurious to the character of any person, much more to a *young man* just entering the world;—a charge which is unsupported by any evidence, and which they may be assured so far as it respects him, is altogether false and groundless.—Publications of so mischievous a tendency, ought always to be discountenanced, unless accompanied with undeniable proof; as otherwise it may be in the power of any villain to bring odium and resentment upon the most respectable citizen, by publishing the most infamous falsehoods, with a boldness and confidence, peculiar to undetected guilt, but such as would vanish in the presence of the party accused.

New-York, March, 1775 } RICHARD HARRIS.

NEW-YORK, March 30.

The Chiefs of the Six Nations, who, during the Course of the Winter held several Congresses with Col. Guy Johnson, the Superintendant, are, we hear at present with him in Consultation, respecting the Conduct of the several Tribes to the Southward, and the Steps to be farther taken for preventing future Quarrels in that Quarter; to which End it is said they propose to use all the Means in their Power for collecting their scattered People from amongst the several Nations, and fixing them in a Place where they will be more immediately under the Direction of their proper Confederacy; and we are likewise informed that Col. Johnson, who was greatly indisposed through Cold he caught attending one of the Conferences, is now much better.

An Express last Night arrived, brings an Account, that the Inhabitants of Cumberland County are in the greatest Confusion and Distress, and that one of the Judges, two Magistrates, the Sheriff, the Clerk, and four other Persons (whose Lives were providentially saved from the Fury of the Rioters, by the timely Interposition of a strong Party of Men from New Hampshire) have been committed to the Goal, of the County of Hampshire, in the Province of Massachusetts Bay, escorted by an Armed Party of the Rioters,—that All the Magistrates in Cumberland, except two, are expressly ordered by the Rioters to cease the further Execution of their Offices, and these two are permitted by the Mob to act in criminal Cases only, for the Purpose of signing Warrants for the Commitment of such Persons as they shall bring before them; and that there were 7 Persons whom the Mob had imprisoned were let out on giving Bail to the Chairman of a Committee appointed by the Mob, without whose Pass no Man can travel that Country.

The Brig Phœnix, Capt. John Dorrell, of Bermuda, sailed from this Port, for Exeter, in England, about the 10th of last Month, and in three Days after, sprung a Leak, and was obliged to bear away for Bermuda; two Passengers in the said Vessel went on board the Brig Fair Lady, Capt. Robinson of this Port, then in company, bound for Lisbon: Capt. Dorrell got safe to Bermuda, and after stopping his Leak sailed again for England about the 12th of this Month.

The Thomas, Captain Blaws, sailed from York (in Virginia,) the 15th inst. with 1500 bushels of Corn, being the contribution of the inhabitants of that county to the suffering people of Boston.

Extract of a letter which came by the Beulah, *from London.*

"They talk of sending more men, ships, &c but what is still worse, they hope to bribe you by large contracts—to divide you amongst yourseves;—they have already sent to some leading men, Government contracts (as they call them) and hope to deceive you into a compliance.—Watch, therefore your own people;—see that no man amongst you accepts of any place, or enters into any contract or agreement to supply the army or navy, and by that means becomes interested in deceiving you into a concert with them in their imposition.—Many hundred are ready to be pensioned on the American Revenue: a fine booty for younger brothers!—Take care of yourselves."

Extract of a letter dated Boston, March 22.

"We are still without any of your favours, we suppose for the same reason as was mentioned in our last;—since the army have found, that the Season is past for nature's forming a bridge from hence, they become abusive and insulting.—They are now finishing their fortifications on the Neck, by picketing on each side.—We propose to give you an account of the manoeuvers of our adversaries as they may occur——The 16th instant (being recommended by the Provincial Congress, to be observed as a day of fasting and prayer,) on the morning of this day, the society at the west end of Boston, were greatly disturbed by a party of officers and soldiers of the 4th, or King's own regiment. When the people were assembling, they brought two markee tents, and pitched them within about ten yards of the meeting house; then sent for three drums and three fifes, and kept them beating and playing till service was over; Col. Maddison present part of the time.—17th. In the evening Col Hancock's elegant seat, situate near the Common, was attacked by a number of officers, who, with their swords, cut and hacked the fence before his house in a most scandalous manner, and behaved very abusively, by breaking people's windows, and insulting almost every person they met.——18th. The Neck Guard seized 13 42/6 musquet cartridges, with ball, (we suppose thro' the information of some dirty scoundrel, of *which* we now have many among us) and about 300 lb. of ball, which were carrying into the country—this was *private* property.—The owner applied to the General first, but he absolutely refused to deliver it.—They abused the teamster very much, and run a bayonet into his neck.—The same evening a number of officers, heated with liquor (as it is said) with drawn swords, ran through the streets, like what they really were, *Madmen*, cutting every one they met; the Stage Coach just arrived from Providence, passing by, they attacked it, broke the glass, and abused the passengers; the driver being a smart fellow, jumped off his seat, caught one of them (Capt. Gore, of the 5th) and some blows passed—when the officer retired, not much to his credit.

19th. Colonel Hancock was again much insulted by a number of inferior officers and privates, who entered his enclosures, and refused to retire after his requesting them so to do, telling him, that his house, stables, &c. would soon be their's, and then they would do as they pleased.—However, on his application to the General, he immediately sent one of his Aid de-camps to the officer of the Guard at the bottom of the Common, to seize any officer or private, who should molest Colonel Hancock, or any inhabitant in their lawful calling. Your's &c."

The Corporation of this City have laid out a Lot of Ground between the Work House and the Liberty Pole, for erecting the Bridewell, so much, and so long wanted in this Place; and we hear the said Building will be set about immediately; and that the Workmen who built the Hospital are soon to begin to repair that very useful Building, by Means of the very bountiful Supply of Money lately granted by the General Assembly for that Purpose.

On the 6th of February last, died at St. Croix, Cornelius Kortright, Esq; a Native of this City, in the Forty third year of his Age; during nineteen Years Residence in that Island, he supported a Reputation unblemished. He was ever ready in contributing to the Relief of the Distressed, and delighted in those Offices which Mark the Character of the humane and the benevolent.—It may be justly said of him, that as he lived beloved, he died truly lamented.

[After the Proceedings of the Committee of Elizabeth Town, relative to Messrs. Robert and John Murray and Barnet, were got ready for the Press, a Letter was received from the Chairman, in Consequence of which the Publication is suspended till further Orders.]

[*Many pieces and advertisements left out, will be inserted as soon as room will admit.*]

Committee Chamber, 27th March, 1775.

At a Meeting of the Committee of Correspondence, for the City and County of Albany, held the 21st Day of March, 1775.

Resolved unanimously

THAT Abraham Yates, jun. Esq; Walter Livingston, Esq; Col. Schuyler, Col. Ten Broeck, and Col. Peter R. Livingston, are appointed to represent the City and County of Albany, at the intended Provincial Congress, to be held at the City of New York, the 20th Day of April next, for the Purpose of appointing Delegates to represent this Colony, at the next Continental Congress, to be held at Philadelphia the 10th Day of May next.

By Order of the Committee,

JOHN N. BLEECKER, Clerk.

At a Meeting of the Committee of Inspection for the Town of Fairfield, held in Fairfield, on the 21st Day of this Instant March:

DANIEL WHEELER, Obediah Platt, and Ebenezer Hall, all of said Fairfield, being duly notified to appear before said Committee, and answer to the Complaints made against them, did not appear,

Whereupon the Committee proceeded to examine the Evidences, and upon a full and impartial Hearing of them, they were unanimously of Opinion, that the said Wheeler, Platt, and Hall, were guilty of a Breach of the Association of the Continental Congress; and that, pursuant to the Directions of the County Congress, all Connections, Commerce, and Dealings, ought to be withdrawn from them, by every Friend to his Country.——And ordered, that the Clerk of this Committee make this Judgment public, that they may be dealt with accordingly. *A true Copy.* Test.

Thaddeus Burr, Clk to the Com.

WHEREAS, by the third article of the Association, it is agreed, That from and after the first day of March instant, we would not purchase or use any East India TEA whatever, and the sense of the Committee being taken, whether a prohibition to vend India Tea after that day, is implied in the said Association.

Resolved unanimously in the Affirmative.

Ordered, That to prevent any persons being led into a violation of the Association, by vending Tea, the aforesaid Resolve and Opinion of the Committee be published.

By the Order of the Committee,

Francis Lewis, Chairman, *pro Tempore.*

Wants Employment,

A YOUNG man, who would be willing to do any kind of work in a family, and understands reading, writing and arithmetick.—Inquire of the Printer. 82 5

CLEAN FLAXSEED
For SOWING,
TO BE SOLD BY
PETER CLOPPER's
Flaxseed Store in Maiden Lane, near the Fly Market. 82—89

MRS. VINCENT,
INTENDS to remove on the first of May next, from the house she now lives in, near the Exchange, to that which is now occupied by Mrs Stockton, in Little Dock street, between Moore and Whitehall street; where Gentlemen and Ladies, either as boarders, or lodgers only, may be accommodated with pleasant and neatly furnished rooms, and rest assured of being well treated, and genteely entertained. 82 5

To be SOLD,
THE very valuable tract of land lately belonging to Capt. Charles Giles, situated in Ulster county, near the Jew's Creek; containing about 600 acres of choice land, great part of which is under good improvements, and in good fence.——There is also an excellent piece of meadow, cleared, and a considerable quantity more may be made with a little expence: There are likewise on the said farm, a good saw mill, a quantity of logs cut for sawing, and also a log house. The whole of the said land is well watered and timbered, situate in a thick settled country, on the post road to Esopus, and but a mile and a half from the landing. Any person that pleases may view the premises, on applying to Joseph Peorey, adjoining the said farm, by whom it will be shewn. For terms of sale, apply to Van Vleck and Kip, in New York, who will agree on reasonable terms for the same. 82—

IRISH LINENS,
To be SOLD
On reasonable Terms, for CASH, by
THOMAS M'GLATHRY,
At Mrs. *Armstrong's* on Rotton Row;
Also exceeding good Irish BUTTER, in Firkins. 82—

Three Pounds Reward.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, living in Morris county, East New-Jersey, an apprentice lad named Daniel Turry, about 15 years of age, of a middling size about 5 feet 5 inches high, walks somewhat stooping has black curled hair, dark eyes, of a swarthy complexion, and has some black blood in him; speaks thick, and was brought up to the farming business: had on when he went away, a new wool hat, two homespun light coloured jackets, his upper jacket somewhat puckered in stitching, likewise patched, and has brass buttons on it, a white flannel shirt and a pair of black leather breeches, buttons covered with the same, a pair of carved white metal knee buckles; yarn stockings, and a pair of new shoes, with brass buckles in them. He took with him a light coloured loose coat with wooden buttons on it, a pair of new sheepskin breeches, and a pair of new shoes. Whoever takes up the said apprentice and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges, paid by me.

82 84 HARTSHORN FITZ RANDOLPH.

FOR PENSACOLA,
To sail in ten Days,
The fine New SLOOP
THISTLE,
R. HADDOCK, Master.
FOR Freight, or Passage, apply to said Master, on board the Vessel at the New Crane, or to
WILLIAM MALCOM.
March 29. 1775. 82 5

TO THE PUBLIC.
THE
NEW STAGE COACHES,
THAT constantly ply between New York and Philadelphia, the one sets out from Powles Hook ferry, opposite New-York, and the other from Mr. Little's, in Fourth streets, between Market and Chesnut streets, at the sign of the Indian Queen, in Philadelphia, every Tuesday and Friday morning at or before sunrise; and meet at Princeton the same nights, where they exchange passengers, and return the next day to Powles Hook ferry, and Philadelphia; so as to perform the journey in two days from New York to Philadelphia. The price for each passenger in the coach, *thirty shillings*, and out passengers *twenty shillings; proc.* each passenger allowed to take 14 lb. baggage, and above that, to pay *two pence* per pound.

THE FLYING MACHINE
STILL continues, and sets out every Monday and Thursday mornings, from Powles Hook ferry opposite New York, and from the sign of the Cross keys in Philadelphia, at the corner of Third and Chesnut streets, and meet at Princeton the same nights, exchange passengers, and return the next day to Powles Hook ferry, and Philadelphia, so as to perform the journey in two days. The price for each passenger *twenty one shillings*, and goods as usual, only each passenger allowed 14 lb. The passengers are desired to cross over the ferry to Powles Hook the evening before, as the stages set off early.

It is hoped that this very expensive undertaking will meet with encouragement from all Ladies and Gentlemen, as they may depend upon punctual performance, by the public's most obliged servant, 82—

JOHN MERCEREAU.

POET'S CORNER.

The Printer is desired to insert the following.

On Miss ———

THREE rival beauties of the skies,
Contended for *the Ball*,
Propos'd to be the *Fairest's* prize,
And claim'd (of right) by all;
Paris, the Judge, own'd all were fair,
But swore he could not tell,
Who best deserv'd it, nor declare,
Which was the *fairest* Belle.
But if my *Nancy* had been there,
The prize had not been given,
To *Venus* or the three most fair,
Tho' fairest nymph of Heav'n.

To be SOLD,

AT PUBLIC VENDUE on the first day of May next, if not sold at private sale before;

THAT noted house and lot of land whereon Gasparis Mabie formerly lived, in Toppan town. The house is a spacious, convenient stone building, four rooms on a floor, with a very good barn, garden, &c. which have been greatly improved within a twelve month; it is an agreeable situation, and the best stand for business in this part of the country. Should any person incline to purchase before the first of May, they may apply to the subscriber on the premises, who will give an indisputable title for the same. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, per

81 3 GARDNER JONES.

Philadelphia, March 1st 1775.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS LOST, on Saturday the 25th of February, between the five and nine mile stone from Philadelphia on the Frankford road, leading to New-York,

A GOLD WATCH,

With a chased case and China face, maker's name, Samuel Cox, London, the number not certain but supposed to be either 126 or 1026 —— Whoever finds the same and will bring it to Edward Pole, in Market street, Philadelphia, or to Jeremiah Wool, in Broad street, New York, so that the owner may have it again, shall have the above Reward.

N. B. All Watch makers and Silversmiths are particularly requested to stop the above Watch if offered for sale, and their sending intelligence by the post, or any other conveyance, will be gratefully acknowledged. 83 —— 83

West Chester County, ss. JONATHAN PLATT, Esq; one of his Majesty's justices for keeping of the peace for said county assigned.

WHEREAS application hath been made to me by more than one fifteenth part of the Proprietors of the town of Fairfield, in the colony of New Hampshire, that a meeting of said Proprietors may be called to make a division of the lands of said town, and to raise a tax on said Proprietors to pay the costs of said division. Pursuant to said request, I do hereby notify said Proprietors, to meet at the house of Elijah Hunter in Bedford, on Friday the 7th day of April next, at one of the clock in the afternoon, for the purposes aforesaid. ——Given under my hand this twenty-fourth day of February 1775. JONATHAN PLATT, Justice of the Peace.

WHEREAS the Creditors of John Toft an insolvent debtor were notified to appear before the judges of the Free Borough and Town of Elizabeth, on the seventh day of March last past, and it then appeared, that the judges of the said Free Borough and Town of Elizabeth, were not authorized by law to give insolvent debtors the benefit of the late insolvent act. The said Creditors of the said John Toft, are hereby further notified, to appear before the judges of the supreme court at Perth Amboy on the third day of *April* next, at the house of William Hick, inn-keeper, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of the said Debtor's estate should not be made and he discharged from his confinement, agreeable to a late act of *General Assembly*, made in the twelfth and fifteenth years of his present Majesty's reign, entituled an act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

N. B. If the creditors of the said John Toft, with whom appears and give him a letter of licence for the term of four years, he will not take the benefit of the said act, 79 —— 82

Elizabeth Town, March 8th 1775.

TWO Cover at James Tredwell's in Flanders, county of Morris and province of New Jersey, at 30*s.* proc. the season —*Goliah*, a most elegant English horse; he was bred in England, and got by old Sterling, one of the fleetest and most beautiful horses in the kingdom. *Goliah* is between 16 and 17 hands high, in every respect well formed, and possesses in a remarkable degree, more size and strength, as well as more beauty, spirit and figure, than any stallion in the country. His foals, like himself, are handsome, strong, and lively; and few horses have been imported into America, so well calculated to produce a hardy and useful breed.

Good pasture for mares and particular attendance.

New-York, March 13d 1775.

TIMOTHY WOOD,

SHOE-MAKER, in *Broad Street*,

INTENDS to remove, on the 1st Day of May next, into the House situate between the Houses of Mr. Thomas Burrow and Mr. John King, nearly opposite to the Place he now lives in.—Where a general Assortment of Men's Shoes and Pumps, together with Women's Stuff Shoes and Pumps (all of the first Quality) will be constantly kept for Sale, at moderate Prices.

Gentlemen's Boots, and Ladies Silk Shoes (when bespoke) made in the neatest and best Manner.

He returns Thanks to his Customers for their past, and hopes a Continuance of their future Favours, which he will always gratefully acknowledge.

Orders from the Country will be duly attended to, and punctually executed, on reasonable Terms for Cash or short Credit. 81 93

BAY MALTON.

A beautiful full bred Horse,
(To cover at Morris Hazard's)
on Long Island, between Bushwick and Newtown)

SEVEN Years old and fifteen Hands high; his Sire was the well known Horse called Dove; his Dam was got by Othello, his Grand Dam by old Spark, out of a Dawson Mare; when rising four, he won a Purse of Fifty Guineas in Maryland; and the Fall following, another of twenty Guineas, at the same Place, proving himself to be one of the best bottomed Horses in America.

The said Horse will cover at Twenty Five Shillings the Season, and at Fifty Shillings to insure the Mare with foal. Mares properly attended, and good Pasture on most reasonable Terms. 81 84

To COVER

This Season at Flushing, the beautiful full bred Horse

GRAMPUS.

GRAMPUS is full 16 Hands high, strong and heavy, rising eight Years, of a handsome chesnut Colour, and allowed by the best of Judges to be one of the most just made Horses in America: His Size and Action particularly recommends him to all those who are fond of hunting, at which Sport he has sufficiently proved his Bottom, for these two Years last past. His Sire was the well known Horse called True Briton, whose Pedigree is needless to mention; his Dam was a remarkable fine bred Mare imported from England by Mr. Ricketts. Grampus is noted for getting fine Colts,—many are to be seen at Croton's River, and at least One Hundred at Rhynebeck Dutchess County.

GRAMPUS will cover at Four Dollars the Season, and Six Dollars to insure the Mare with foal; one Dollar of which to be paid down, colt or no Colt;—the Money to be paid before the Mares are taken away. Good Pasture and Attendance will be given by NICHOLAS VAN DYCK, living at his Mills near Flushing.

March 25. 82 84

THE Academy lately erected in a healthy part of the pleasant town of Newark in New Jersey, about eight miles from the city of New York, will on the third day of April next, be fit for the reception of the Masters, proper for the instruction of youth, and of such children, as can with conveniency lodge and board therein.

There will be taught the learned languages, and several branches of the Mathematicks. There will be also an English school for the teaching of reading, writing, arithmetick and book-keeping in the usual and Italian methods, different rooms will be made use of for each branch of instruction, and such as choose may have their children taught the English tongue grammatically. The boys are separated from the girls in the English school.—Those who can't board in the Academy may have good lodgings near the same in private families. The regulation and general direction of the instruction of the scholars, will be under the auspices of the Governors of the Academy, who will from time to time inspect the conduct of the several Masters, and examine the improvements of their pupils in learning. Mr William Haddon, one long experienced by several of the said Governors, to be well qualified to teach the learned languages and mathematicks, will have the superintendency of the youth to be taught in those branches of learning, and Robert Allen and Son, to have the care and keeping the schools for the instruction of reading, writing, arithmetick, and book keeping, who have discharged those trusts with great satisfaction to their employers.

As the intention of the benefactors and builders of this stately edifice, is for preparing of youth to be useful members of the community; the greatest care will be taken, not only, to have them well instructed in the branches of learning, which their parents respectively order, but also in the paths of virtue and morality.—Care also will be taken, that they attend public worship, at the usual times of holding the same at the church, to which they severally belong; there being in the said town two churches, one the church of England, and the other Presbyterian, the Ministers of which, for the time being, are always to be of the number of the said Governors, and it is hoped that they, with the other Governors, will give that attendance to the trust they have undertaken, as will answer the laudable end proposed, and give ample satisfaction to the parents and guardians of children, sent to the said Academy.

N. B. The tuition money for teaching the learned languages and branches of the mathematicks, is £5 New York currency per annum, reading the English language, 8 shillings per quarter; reading and writing English, 10 shillings per quarter; reading, writing, and arithmetick, 12 shillings per quarter.

Newark, 10th March, 1775. 81—84

New-York, March 22 1775.

STOLEN on Sunday last the 19th instant, about 5 o'clock in the morning, from the side of Mr. Walton's schooner then lying at the Fly market ferry stairs, a fishing canoe with a black bottom, about 18 feet in length, being a common canoe sawed in two length wise, from stem to stern and widened 8 inches by a plank in the middle of her bottom secured by 12 timbers, and her sides raised 6 inches higher than at first. Round her bowes is an iron band, to which the painter is fastened; on her head a large iron staple and ring, and a staple at her stern; her rudder not hung, but the irons fast. Whoever takes up and returns the said canoe shall have half a Dollar reward, besides all reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, living near Mr. Walton's, on Cowfoot-Hill.

81 84 HENRY BRANT.

WHEREAS the store of the subscribers, was broke open and robbed, in the night of Tuesday, the 22d. instant, of a sum of money, supposed upwards of Thirty Pounds; the robbery supposed to be committed by a man, who worked for Darby Doyle, on Staten Island, a year or two ago, and passes by the name of John Williams: He is a tall slim fellow, much marked with the small pox, and has a down look; wore a brown surtout, a reddish coat and reddish waistcoat, a new pair of leather breeches, new shoes and black stockings, had a pair of Gold sleeve buttons one eyed with thread, the link being broke. The money known to be lost, is one Five Pound Bill York currency, one ditto Three Pounds Pennsylvania, new emission, marked on the back G. S. one Half Johannes, one Four Dollar Bill, Maryland money, the remainder in Pennsylvania and New Jersey Bills, and some Silver; he wore a new hat made by John Dennis, lin'd with red, and had an old pair of greasy leather breeches and sundry other articles, tyed up in a bundle, and may have taken some goods, not yet missed. Whoever secures said robber or any of his associates, so, that he, or they may be brought to justice, shall on conviction, receive Ten Pounds, Proclamation money, of New-Jersey, and all reasonable charges, from

JOHNSTON and BARBERIE.

Perth Amboy, 27th February, 1775. 78 81

To be SOLD and entered upon the first of APRIL,

THE noted Tavern where Capt. Peter Dickenson now lives, in Morris Town, New Jersey, which has been kept as such for fourteen Years past. It is a large two story House, with six Fire Places, and a good Cellar under it; a large Kitchen with a Pantry, Bed Room, and Conveniences for Servants.—Five Acres of excellent good Land adjoining, a good Barn, Stables, and out Houses, a good Well of Water at the Door, and the best Garden in Town; its noted for the best Stand in the County of Morris, for a Tavern, as to custom and Custom: The Purchaser may have a long Time of Payment for three fourths of the purchase Money.——If not sold by the first Day of May, it will then be let for a Number of Years

SAMUEL HAINES.

Morris-Town, March 15, 1775. 80 83

Four Pounds Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in East Chester, on the 6th instant, a Negro man named Robin, about 5 feet 7 inches high, a well set fellow, of a yellow complexion, part Indian, a great bushy head of hair, somewhat different from a Negro, speaks good English, and can speak Dutch, no particular mark, if he can get liquor is apt to get drunk; it is imagined he has got a pass, being very intimate with a Negro fellow, who can write, had on a felt hat half worn, a blue duffil great coat, a tann coloured over jacket, and an under one, frize, a buck skin pair of breeches, took along with him two pair of black woollen stockings, and two pair of shoes; it is imagined he has directed his course toward the North River, to get over among the Indians; he lived at the Fish Kill, on Phillips's Manor, and on York Island. Whosoever takes up and secures the said Negro fellow, so that his master may have him again (in any of his Majesty's goals) shall have the above reward, if taken in this county, (five pounds, if taken in any other county) and seven pounds if taken among the Indians, with all reasonable charges paid by ISAAC WARD.

East Chester, March 7. 1775. 79 82

New-Blazing-Star Ferry.

To be SOLD on reasonable Terms.

IT lies on the west side of Staten Island, is a very healthy and pleasant place, and an excellent stand for business; there are forty acres of excellent up land, with a large quantity of salt marsh, and there can be between thirty and forty loads of choice English hay cut on said place yearly, and has plenty of good pasturing, both fresh and salt; a fine young orchard of two hundred apple trees, many of them grafted of the very best fruit, from the large harvest apple, to winter apples, and a great plenty of the finest peaches in the country, with cherries and plumbs. The house is large and well calculated for a tavern, with two good cellars and a kitchen; also stables and other improvements necessary for the business.——Any person inclining to purchase, are desired to apply soon, for if it is not sold by the twentieth of February, it will then be let —The public may be assured that the stages will be kept in the best manner. A good title will be given to the purchaser by

JOHN MERCEREAU

To the Creditors of Joshua Marsh, an insolvent Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the respective creditors of Joshua Marsh, an insolvent debtor, of the Borough of Elizabeth Town, and province of New-Jersey, that they be and appear, at the dwelling house of Samuel Smith, tavern keeper in Elizabeth-Town, on Monday the third day of April next, by two o'clock in the afternoon of the same day; then and there to exhibit and prove their demands against the said insolvent; in order that we the subscribers, assignees of the said Joshua Marsh, (appointed by a rule of the inferior Court of Common Pleas at Newark, in and for the county of Essex,) may proceed to make a proper distribution of the said insolvent's estate, agreeable to an act of assembly of the province of New-Jersey, passed in the 15th year of his present Majesty's reign, intitled, "an act for the relief of insolvent debtors." ROBERT FRENCH, } Assignees.
TIMOTHY OGDEN, }

Elizabeth-Town, Dec. 20, 1774. 70 81

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS John W. Smith and Samuel Burling have advertised to be leased three fourths of the Sterling Furnace, with the Improvements thereon, also the Whole of the Sterling Forge, I think it my Duty to inform the Public, that I am Proprietor of one Quarter of the Forge and Anchor Works, and of all the Furnace and New Mine, with the Meadows and Buildings thereunto belonging, and that I will not dispose or give Possession of the same to any Person whatever. I am induced to give this Notice to prevent any Persons being inadvertantly brought into Trouble and Dispute, by taking a lease for the Premises, under the said John W. Smith and Samuel Burling. 81 84

PETER TOWNSEND.

WHEREAS Stephen Van Rensselaer, late Lord and proprietor of the Manor of Rensselaerwyck, in the county of Albany, deceased, did in his life-time lay out and set a part, a certain tract of twelve thousand acres of land, situated on the east side of Hudson's river, in the south east corner of the said Manor, known by the name of Stephen Town, being butted and bounded as follows; beginning at a black birch tree standing in the south boundary line of the said Manor, fifteen miles east by the Needle, from the south end of Beeren-Island, in Hudson's river; and runs thence east by the Needle four hundred chains, to a bass wood tree marked; thence north twenty-one degrees, east three hundred and thirty-two chains; thence west by the Needle, three hundred and eighty one chains, thence south twenty-three degrees and thirty minutes west, three hundred and thirty-nine chains, to the black birch tree first mentioned.

AND WHEREAS five thousand acres, part of the said twelve thousand acres of land, has been laid out and surveyed, into fifty lots of one hundred acres each (being numbered from one to fifty.)

AND WHEREAS the said Stephen Van Rensselaer, did afterwards, in his life-time, (in and by several indentures, of lease and release, the lease bearing date the day before, and the releases the twenty fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and sixty five)—grant, bargain, sell, alien, release, and confirm unto James Gray, Samuel Brown, James Gray, jun. David Pixley, Benjamin Willard, Jabiel Woodbridge, Nathan Ball, Joseph Willard, Josiah Ball, Elijah Wilson, Phineas Whitney, Abel Rowe, Eli Pixley, Ebenezer Noble, Amos Beard, Jonathan Walker, Daniel Hubbard, David Noble, William Wright, Samuel Wilson, David Baggs and David Pixley, jun. and to each of them severally and to their several heirs and assigns, for ever, each two of the said fifty lots, of one hundred acres. As also two fiftieth parts of the undivided lands in the said tract of twelve thousand acres, to be divided into fifty equal parts, of which said last mentioned undivided lands, We the subscribers are part owners: Now therefore, by virtue of a certain act of the Lieutenant Governor, the Council and General Assembly of the colony of New-York, passed the eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, entitled, "An Act for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's quit rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto": And also by virtue of another act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of the said colony, entitled, "An Act to continue an act, entitled, an act for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and also to continue one other act, entitled, "An Act to explain part of an act, antitled an act for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's quit rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto," passed the thirty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and sixty eight, We do hereby give notice, that Daniel Neil, Daniel Dennison, and Samuel Shearman, all of Little Hoosick, in the said Manor, not interested in the said lands, are appointed Commissioners to make partition of the said undivided land, that they the said Commissioners will meet on Wednesday the twelfth day of April next, at the house of Daniel Gardner, innkeeper, at Little Hoosick aforesaid; and all persons interested therein are hereby required to attend then and there for that purpose, either by themselves, or their attornies. Given under our hands, the ninth day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five.

BENJAMIN SHELDEN,
72 84 BENJAMIN GARDNER,
JABEZ SPENCER.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber intends to ride post from this place to New-York and return here as usual, on every Tuesday afternoon;—he also proposes to erect a complete and commodious Stage-Waggon, to go from his own house in Hanover, and call at the house of Joseph Morris, to the house of Thomas Kenney, Esq; and from thence set off at five o'clock, on every Tuesday morning, commencing the first Tuesday in May next, and proceed the same day to Powles Hook, calling at the following places, viz at the house of Silvanus Cicly, and Matthias Winins, at Passaick River; at the house of Nehemiah Woodruff, at Springfield; at the house of Josiah Pearson, in Newark, and from thence proceed to Powles Hook:—From which last place said Stage will set off on its return at five o'clock every Thursday morning, and come through Newark, Springfield, and Passaick, (without calling at Hanover) to this place on the afternoon of said day;—As the stage must set off early to perform this journey timely, the passengers are requested to come over the river on Wednesday evening. The rate for each passenger, from this place to Powles Hook, will be four shillings New-York currency and the like sum for each returning passenger, and so in proportion for those taken in along the road, bundles, &c. belonging to passengers, and not exceeding fourteen pounds weight will be carried free. The public may depend that the subscriber will use his utmost diligence and care to render satisfaction to every person that will encourage him in this undertaking. And as he flatters himself that he has given satisfaction to the gentlemen that have employed him for some years past in riding post from this place to New York, he requests the continuance of their favours, assuring them that he will faithfully exert himself to merit their future approbation, CONSTANT COOPER.

Morris Town, 4th March, 1775

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion,

SUPPLEMENT

To the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, or GENERAL ADVERTISER Numb. 1682.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1775.

BY VIRTUE of a power contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, made and executed in due form of law, by John Hudson, to me the Subscriber, bearing date the second day of May in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and sixty nine, PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be exposed to sale at public Vendue, on the premises, on Tuesday the 29th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, agreeable to the directions of an act of the legislature of the colony of New-York, entitled, "an act for the more effectual registry of mortgages, and for securing the Purchasors of mortgaged estates," passed the 19th of March, 1774. All that certain piece or parcel of Land, Messuage or Tenement, situate, lying, and being in the town of Goshen, in Orange county, and province of New-York, being part of Lot No. 6. in the original division of said town, and is bounded as follows, (that is to say) beginning at a stake with stones about it, standing on the north west side of the high way leading through said town, and runs thence south, forty three degrees, and forty five minutes, west, thirty feet, to a stake with stones about it, thence north, forty six degrees and fifteen minutes, west one hundred feet, to a stake with stones about it, thence north, forty-three degrees and forty-five minutes, east, thirty feet, to a stake with stones about it, thence south, forty six degrees and fifteen minutes, east, one hundred feet, to the place where it first began; containing three thousand square feet of land, whereon is a framed dwelling house with other improvements, all which will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, unless the principal money, together with the interest due thereon, and secured by the said mortgage, be paid and discharged before that time.

WILLIAM HUDSON.

Blooming-Grove, February, 23. 1775. } 78——1793

For CORACOA,
The Sloop RAVEN,
SAMUEL AXSON, Master;
WILL sail with all convenient speed.—For freight apply to Thomas Franklin, or the master, lying at Lupton's Wharf. 80—83

THREE-PENCE per POUND,
GIVEN BY
JOHN KEATING,
FOR the best sort of good, clean, dry, white linen RAGS, and so in proportion for those of an inferior sort.

☞ Good encouragement given to Journeymen Paper makers, by said Keating. 73—

CLOCKS,

MADE, MENDED, and CLEANED, by
WILLIAM PEARSON,
CLOCK and WATCH MAKER,
At the Dial, in HANOVER-SQUARE, New-York; WHO likewise repairs Watches at a very moderate price, and will warrant their performance a twelve month.

He likewise teaches vocal musick, and the harpsicord in the newest taste, and most approved method, at a reasonable price.

Tunes harpsicords, spinnets, &c. by the year.

Those Ladies and Gentlemen, who choose to favour him with their commands, may depend he will exert his utmost abilities, in both branches.

☞ A large commodious cellar to let 77—

SAMUEL PRINCE,
CABINET-MAKER.

At the Sign of the CHEST of DRAWERS, in WILLIAM-STREET, near the *North Church*, IN NEW-YORK,

MAKES and sells, all sorts of CABINET-WORK in the neatest manner, and on the lowest terms. Orders for the WEST-INDIES, and elsewhere, completed, on the shortest notice.

He has now on Hand, for SALE,

A PARCEL of the most elegant furniture, made of Mahogany, of the very best quality, such as

Chests of drawers, Chests upon chests, Cloth presses, Desks, Desks and book cases of different sorts, Chairs of many different and new patterns, } Bureau, Dining, Card, Breakfast, Tea, } TABLES.

And many other sorts of Cabinet work, very cheap.

To be SOLD,

A Valuable tract of land, lying in the township of Knowlton, in the county of Sussex and province of New Jersey, containing 1146 acres, being part of a tract of 1548 acres, conveyed by Samuel and James Burling, to John Finch, Esq; of Great Britain, of which 202 acres have been sold, to Archibald Stinson, who now lives thereon; and 200 acres to John Blair, now occupied by two tenants ——There are five improved farms on this tract—the soil is fertile and excellent for wheat and other grain —considerable part of the tract is well timber'd, and a sufficient quantity of it is meadow land—It lies contiguous to a convenient landing on the river Delaware, from whence all produce is readily conveyed to Philadelphia, and wheat at the reasonable price of six pence per bushel.—Its vicinity to the flourishing Moravian settlements, on Beaver River, which affords a market for all its produce, the rapid settlement made in Sussex county, and in the neighbourhood of this tract, within a few years past, and the improvements already made thereon, must necessarily make it the more desirable.

If a purchaser of the whole tract should not appear before May next, it will then be run into convenient lots for farms of about 200 acres each—Good bonds will be taken for the whole, or part of the purchase money, as may suit the purchaser.

For terms, and further particulars, apply to the Rev. Mr. Ogden, at Newtown, in said county of Sussex, to Lewis Ogden, Esq; Attorney at Law, in Newark; or to the subscriber in New York, who will give a good title for the said lands.

THOMAS BRIDGEN ATTWOOD.

New-York, March 8. 1775. 79 82

To be SOLD,

SUNDRY very valuable Lots of Ground (in an improving Part of the Town) belonging to the Estate of William Bancker, deceased, viz. three Lots in Roosevelt's Street, 2 Lots in Bancker's Street, 2 Lots in Rutgers's Street, 3 Lots in St. James's Street, 1 Lot adjoining Mrs. Riker's, and 1 in Cherry Street, fronting Catherine Slip. Also one Twelfth of a Share and a Half, of a Proprietory Right in Wawayanda Patent; one Twelfth of a Proprietory Right in Minisink Patent; and the following Lots in Cajadarosery Patent.

34	Acres in Lot No.	12	in the general Division [of the 3d Allotment.		
104½	Do.	Do.	9	4	Do.
127½	—	—	5	5	—
76	—	—	11	7	—
143	—	—	10	8	—
234½	—	—	9	9	—
228	—	—	11	10	—
308½	—	—	5	13	—
416½	—	—	8	14	—
220	—	—	1	16	—
250	—	—	13	16	—
158	—	—	1	17	—
286	—	—	10	17	—
166½	—	—	7	18	—
257½	—	—	5	21	—
361	—	—	13	21	—
526½	—	—	13	22	—
243	—	—	8	23	—
330½	—	—	8	24	—
168½	—	—	11	25	—

For further Particulars, apply to
ANNA BANCKER, Executrix.
74—

RICHARD NORRIS,
STAY-MAKER, from LONDON,
(At his House in Smith-street, opposite to Doctor Farquair's.)

MAKES *all sorts of* STAYS *and* JUMPS, *turned and plain, with French and Mecklenburg waistcoats, in the neatest and best manner, and at the most reasonable Rates.*

Ladies who are uneasy in their shapes, be fits without any incumbrance, and by methods approved by the Society of Stay Makers in London, prevents the falls and risings in the hips and shoulders of young Ladies and growing Misses, to which they are often subject.

He has settled a Correspondence in London, whereby he acquires the first fashions of the Court; and has had the honour of working for several ladies of distinction, both in England and this City, with universal applause; and flatters himself he has given entire satisfaction, and shall continue to do so, as he engages his work to be as good as any done in those parts, for neatness, true fitting, and newest fashions from London.

N. B. The said Norris cuts whale bone for Merchants and others, after the best manner.

He returns his sincere thanks to all his good and kind customers, and hopes their good word will not be wanting to promote his interest.

Ladies at any distance, by sending their measures, may have their orders completed at the shortest notice, by the Subscriber, living next door to the house of John Cruger, Esq; late Mayor of this City, and opposite to Doct. Farquair, in Smith-Street, New-York

77— *RICHARD NORRIS.*

TO BE LET,
at the old Coffee House,
from the first of May next.

THE two upper stories furnished or unfurnished, being very fit for a publick office, (it being noted for a Notary publick's office these two years past) or for any gentlemen; it being so pleasantly situated, that a person can see at once, the river, shipping, Long Island and all the gentlemen resorting to the coffee-house on business, from the most distant climes: or part of the under part of the house for a large store, with one of the upper stories, suitable for a merchant or shop keeper, enquire of

NESBITT DEANE.

N. B. Wanted immediately, three or four honest and sober journeymen hatters; none but good workmen need apply: the sooner they apply, the better for themselves, as they will meet with a shop, where they will et constant work all the year round. 7-4

JOHN MORTON,

INTENDING for Europe in the fall, requests all those indebted to him, by bond, note, or book debt, to make speedy payment; and as many of them must be sensible he has been very indulgent, he now expects that they will exert themselves in discharging their debts; as all those that do not, may depend on having their accounts put in a lawyer's hands, as he is determined to have his accounts settled as soon as possible.

He has on hand, a neat assortment of goods, which he will sell cheap, for cash, or short credit,—amongst which are,

SUPERFINE, middling and low priced cloths, with rattinets and shaloons
Tamies, durants and calamancoes
Bumbazeens, alapeens
Silverets and poplins
Plain and striped lutestrings, brocades, satins,
Peelongs, taffeta and
Persians, bandano, silk romal, taffeta, stampt linen, and checked handkerchiefs
White, black and coloured serge and cotton denims, corderoys,
Velverets and lastings,
Bed satins and moreens
Drawboys and counterpaints—Blue and white, purple and white, and red and white furniture cottons and calicoes, calicoes and chintzes
Men's and boy's, cotton, thread and worsted hose
Women's and girl's cotton, thread and worsted hose
Women's, maid's and girl's silk, worsted, lamb, and kid gloves and mitts
A neat assortment of Irish linens and sheetings, Russia sheetings
Ravins duck, Osnaburgs and dowlas
⅞ yd. ¾ ell, ¼, and yd. wide carpeting, Wilton and Scotch carpets, a large assortment.
y-8, yd. and yd. and 3 8 cotton checks
Silk moree gowns, striped Hollands
Scotch, Flemish and coloured threads
Lawn aprons and handkerchiefs
A fine assortment of cat guts
Spotted, figured and striped silk gauzes
Spider and Paris netts
Turkey, French and fancy gauzes
Gauze aprons and handkerchiefs
A parcel of fashionable ribbons
Apron and cap tapes
Ivory and horn combs
Snuff boxes, glass and brass links
Barlow and other pen knives
Cutteau and pistol capt knives, knives & forks.
Razors, fizers and knitting pins
3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. and ¾ inch sheathing nails
Tin plates in boxes and wire
6 by 8, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 window glass
A small assortment of Indian goods, consisting of strouds, blankets, frizes, &c. &c.

LOOKING GLASSES.

A large and elegant assortment of gilt framed, mahogany and black walnut, square and oval sconces, pier glasses and gerandoles.

Pictures, sheet and dissected maps.

CHINA.

Blue and white, and enamelled table sets, tea table ditto, for ornament, odd plates and dishes, bowls, mugs, tureens, cups and saucers, &c. &c. 87—

JOHN HAYDOCK.
TAYLOR,

At his store opposite the Fly Market, informs his friends and the public,

That he has for sale, the following goods,

SUPERFINE broad cloths
Middling ditto
Superfine cassemers
Sagathees do.
Ratinets and shaloons
Spotted velures
Plain do.
Superfine thickset
Superfine black prunello
Dutch corded dimity
Jeanes and fustians do.
White drillings
Superfine stocking pieces
Velvets
Corderoys
Silk hose
Worsted do.
Corded silk patterns
Silk stripes do.
Silk knee garters
Buttons
Sewing silks
Scarf twists
Threads and buckrams
Tapes, &c. &c.

He likewise has for sale, a quantity of Red Herrings, well cured.—Ready money for Hatters Pelts, of all sorts. 72 8w

An ACADEMY,

WAS erected last May to be opened at Kingston, by the trustees of the town, under the care of two instructors; but by a disappointment in obtaining a rector, it opened only in the English department, and has already thirty students, who are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, and particularly surveying, with great accuracy. The trustees are now happy in being able to notify to the public, that they are provided with a gentleman to take the chief care of their academy, whose education and abilities give the highest assurance of success to the institution. He also undertakes the French language, and has some pupils already engaged for that department.

The trustees need not repeat what was mentioned in their former advertisement, with respect to the pleasantness of the place, the cheapness of board, and scarcity for the morals of the students; they only add, that this academy is an object of their being far removed from any college, has hitherto been criminally deficient in the important article of a liberal education.

Any inquiries relating to this academy may be made by address'd to Dirck Wynkoop, and Christopher Tappen, Esqrs. or to the rector at Kingston. 64

GEOGRAPHY, natural philosophy, and such branches of the belles lettres, as may in some measure answer their academy, whose education and abilities give cannot go to a more public seminary. He also attention, which they mean to improve, and intend to raise to as high reputation as possible, while the character of the rector, who has had a regular university education, and has undertaken the charge, and will not only teach the Latin and Greek languages, to prepare youths for any college in America, but will introduce go-

To be SOLD at WHOLESALE, by
JOHN BURTLYNG,
IRVING in the Broadway, opposite the Lutheran Church,

Men's, Lads, Boys, } Palmeto or Straw Hats and Caps.

NICHOLAS BOGERT,

IN the Broadway, fronting the Pump, where the old Oswego market stood, has for Sale, Dutch Folio Bibles, with maps and cuts, Testaments, and sundry other Dutch and English Books, Slates and Pencils, and a general assortment of Shop Goods as usual. 80——83

SELBY, and THOMSON,

Have removed their shop, from the lower end of Wall-street, to Queen street, opposite Rivington's Printing Office, where they continue to carry on their business as usual, and have now for sale,

A good ASSORTMENT of

SADDLERY WARE,

AMONG which are a great variety of silver plated bits, stirrups, and spurs, silver mounted and plain horse whips. *Also*, Silk, mohair, and worsted fringes and plushes, of different colours. *And likewise*, A considerable assortment of coach makers articles; all which they will sell on very reasonable terms. 78 91

To be SOLD,

The several following Tracts of Land, being Part of the Estate of Doctor Lewis Johnston, late of Perth-Amboy, deceased.

SIX hundred and eighty-four acres, situate on the west side of, and adjoining to Watchepouig river, eleven miles distant from New-Brunswick, and Perth-Amboy, and four from South river landing, in the neighbourhood of two mills and two iron works, both ready markets for all kinds of country produce; and has a fine out-let to a large range for cattle and hogs. This tract will be sold together, or divided into three farms.

No. 1, containing 255
2 —— 231
3 —— 198 acres, the lots are laid out very convenient for farms, being all accommodated with water, timber, and meadow land.

Three hundred and fifty-two acres, lot No. 2 being about one half of the land late the property of Hugh Taylor, about thirteen miles from Perth-Amboy, and New-Brunswick, and adjoins the lands of John Combs, and John Johnston? There is on it a sufficient quantity of meadow, and is well watered and timbered.

Five hundred and fifty acres opposite Perth-Amboy, adjoining the lands of John Stevens, Esq; and the river Rariton. This land is remarkably well timbered, and is so situated, that the timber and fire-wood can be very easily transported to New-York, the most distant part of it being not more than two miles from a convenient landing: There is on it about sixty acres of cleared land, whereon is a house and well built barn, and a young bearing orchard of two hundred apple trees, grafted with the best fruit: The improved part, with timber land sufficient to accommodate a farm, and twelve acres of very good salt meadow, will be sold seperate.

Seven hundred and ninety acres, situate on the west side of South river, and near Menalapan river; being one half a tract remaining unsold, and held in common with the devisees of Andrew Johnston, Esq; deceased. This tract surrounds the village of Spottswood, is well wooded and timbered, and a great part of it fine rich swamp; it adjoins the mill and iron works of Messrs. Perry and Hays, which lies in sight of the center of it; the nearest part of it is about half a mile, and the most distant about three miles from South river landing, from which conveniency every advantage may be made of the timber and fire-wood.

Five lots of wood land, No. 6, contains 25 ½; No. 7, contains 25 ½; No. 8, contains 20; No. 9 and 10, contains 23 ½ acres each, all in the county of Middlesex, are very well wooded and timbered, and very convenient for farmers, in the neighbourhood of the inhabitants of New-Brunswick, they being not above four or five miles distant from that city ——Whoever inclines to purchase any of the above lands, may apply to the subscribers.

JAMES PARKER, } Executors.
JOHN SMYTH, }
HEATHCOTE JOHNSTON, }

Perth-Amboy, Dec. 15, 1774. 70—

RICHARD DEANE,
DISTILLER,

TAKES this Method to return his sincere Thanks to all his Friends and Customers for their past Favours, and to acquaint them, he has now ready for Sale, at his Distillery between the College and the North-River, *A Murray-street*, near *Vaux-Hall*,

A Quantity of neat Brandy,
Raspberry Brandy,
Cherry Brandy,
Cherry rum,
Brandy shrub,
Shrub of Jamaica spirits,
Geneva,
Spirits of Wine,
Jamaica spirits,
Royal Usquebaugh,
Red ratifie,
Cinnamon water,
Clove water
Orange do.
Annifeed do.
All-Fours,
Doctor Stevens,
West India and New-York Rum,
Madeira, and Teneriffe wines, &c. &c.

The good Quality of said DEANE's LIQUORS, has for several Years past been well experienced; but in a more particular Manner this last Year—a the Demands for them have exceeded his Expectations, ten fold.

☞ And still he is determined, if possible, to make better.

*** Being fully convinced by long Experience, that the surest Means to acquire a speedy Sale of the above *Articles*, is to make them of full Quality, at a moderate Charge, (as he is determined to sell on as reasonable Terms as any one else,) and good Attendance, which, with every other Endeavour to give general Satisfaction, will be the constant Study of the

Public's very obliged, and very humble Servant
R. DEANE.

98—

JOHN HINDE,

Has for sale at his store the lower end of Water street, formerly called Rotton Row,

A LARGE *Assortment of low priced Yard wide and Seven Eighth Irish Linen and Sheeting, with a Variety of other Goods, suitable for the Season.*

A few casks of fresh OATMEAL 81 3

ABRAHAM DURYEE

Has imported on the best terms, from Europe, the following articles; all which he will sell very cheap, at his house in the Main-street, opposite the Fly market.

A GREAT variety of colours of superfine and second broad cloths, superfine and second double mill'd drab cloths, do narrow cloths, do. hunters cloths, do. cassimires wiltons, German serges, sagathees twill'd and other coatings; frizes, pennistons and half thicks, 8 and 9 4 green rugs, rose and swanskin blankets, flannels, rattinet and shalloons, durants, serge denim, serge cussoy, black princes stuff, cotton denim, jeans and fustians, lastings, bombazines and crapes, buttons and scarf twist to match the cloths, gold and silver spangled buttons, very neat gilt and plated do. sewing silk, cotton and linen checks, furniture check do. moreans, russet and callemanoes, worsted, cotton, and thread stockings, buckskin and other gloves, felt and castor hats.

ALSO all sorts of painters colours, ground in oil, and in powder do. brown window glass of various sizes, linseed oil, spirits of turpentine, brown and white varnish, drop lake, King's and Naples yellow, rose pink, vermilion, Prussian blue, umber, litharge, white vitriol &c. &c.

Also has to sell the very best old Madeira wine, Teneriffe and Sweet do. Claret in bottles, Jamaica and West India rum, old Brandy, Geneva, Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Allspice, Velvet Corks, &c. &c.

Also a quantity of HIBERNIA Pig Iron, Which he will sell very cheap. 81—84

WILLIAM NEILSON,

Hath for Sale,

A Large Assortment of 10 and 11 Nail ¾ ⅞ 1 1¼ 1½ Cotton and Linnen Checks, Velverets, Stripes and Cotton Hollands, Black Bombazine, fine ¾ Irish Linnens, Breeches Patterns, Callimancoes, Shalloons, Durants, Broad Cloths, Women's Stockens, Men's Cotton and French Caps, Garters, Quality and Shoe Bindings, Cap and Apron Tapes, a large Parcel of Blue and White and Enamelled China, Irish and Country Butter, Bloomery and Refined Iron, Hibernia and Mount Hope Pig Iron &c.

THOMAS BURLING,

Cabinet and Chair Maker,

At the sign of the Chair in Beekman street, commonly called Chapel street, New York,

EXECUTES with neatness and dispatch the different articles in his branch, and will gratefully acknowledge all favours of his friends and the public in general.—He has now made for Sale, sundry pieces of furniture made of the best mahogany, which he proposes to sell as cheap as any man in this place that sells good work.

*** Said Burling keeps a yard of mahogany ready saw'd and seasoned, and all other kinds of stuff, suitable for carrying on the Joiners business.——As likewise, mahogany saw'd, suitable for Carpenters in stair case building.—All which he will sell as cheap as it is to be had in this city. 80—87

MINSHULL's
LOOKING-GLASS STORE,

REMOVED from Smith-street to Hanover-square (opposite Mr. Goelet's the sign of the Golden Key,) has for sale, An elegant assortment of Looking Glasses, in oval or square ornamental frames, ditto mahogany —The greatest variety of girandoles ever imported to this city.—Brackets for busts or lustres, and ornaments for chimney pieces, as tablets, friezes, &c.—Birds and baskets of flowers, for the top of bookcases or glass frames, gilt bordering for rooms by the yard.

ENGRAVINGS.

by Strange, Wollet, Vivare's & other eminent masters. A pleasing variety of mezzotintos well chosen and beautifully coloured.—Also, an elegant assortment of frames without Glass. Any Lady or Gentleman that have Glass in old fashioned frames, may have them cut to ovals or put in any pattern that pleases them best. The above frames may be finished white, or green and white, purple, or any colour that suits the furniture of the room, or gilt in oil or burnished gold, equal to the best imported.

*** I flatter myself, from the assurance of my correspondent in London, that when the difference is settled between England and the Colonies, of having my store constantly supplied with the above articles, as will give a general satisfaction to those who please to favour me with their commands.

N. B. An Apprentice is wanted to the Carving and Gilding; none need apply but those who have a lad of a sober and promising genius, and are willing to give a Premium ——Money for broken Looking Glass is taken in Exchange.—Assortment of *MILLINARY Articles as usual* deep gold, green gold and silver leaf by the book or dozen. 80——83

TO BE SOLD,

A Pair of handsome DARK BAY HORSES,

Fifteen Hands high, fit for the Saddle, or a Carriage.—Inquire of the Printer. 80 83

SHAW and LONG,

HAVE imported in the last vessels from England, a large and general assortment of glass and earthern ware, amongst which are black and green striped maccaroni ware, which they sell wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

ALSO,

Madeira, Lisbon, red port claret, and Teneriffe wines, in pipes, hhds and quarter casks,
Madeira, Lisbon, red port claret Bristol beer, and porter, in bottles,
Jamaica spirits,
West-India rum,
Brandy, geneva,
White wine vinegar,
Double refin'd, single refined lump & Muscovado sugars, coffee, chocolate,
Pepper, allspice,
Spermaceti candles,
Empty quart bottles,
Long and short pipes,
Best velvet and common corks.

Also a few boxes of Irish linens, from 2s. 8d. to 9s. per yard. 80 83

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO WOMAN, about 26 years old, born in this city, and who can do all kinds of House-work, with a female child of 12 months old.—ALSO, a Negro Man, about 30 years old, a baker by trade, and likewise a Negro Boy of 15 years old. Inquire of the Printer. 80—83

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that the CHIMNEY OFFICE,

LATELY kept in Little Queen Street, is removed into Fair Street, (formerly called Moravian-Street) between the Broadway and Nassau Street, three doors from the House of Mr. Hugget at the Corner of Nassau and Fair Street, and on the same Side of the Way. 8 83

HERMAN ZEDTWITZ.

THE Co-partnership of Abeel and Byvanck, having expired the first of September last, and numbers of persons whose accounts have been long due, neglecting to settle the same, they in this public manner, request all persons indebted to them, without delay to discharge their accounts, and those who have any demands on said partnership, to call and receive their money—a general assortment of ironmongery and cutlery may be had at their late store, now continued by Garret Abeel, also at the house formerly occupied by Ald. Brinckerhoff, but now by Evert Byvanck, jun. both near Coenties Market. 78 82

This day is published,
And sold by ROBERT BELL,
Next door to St. Paul's Church,
Third Street, Philadelphia,

In one volume quarto, (price four dollars)

LECTURES on the MATERIA MEDICA, as delivered by WILLIAM CULLEN, M. D Professor of Medicine in the University of Edinburgh. Now published by Permission of the Author, and with many Corrections from the Collation of different Manuscripts by the Editors.—*Our Author attempted a Plan entirely new and original, and hath produced a Performance, which far excels in Method, Copiousness of Thought, Liberality of Sentiment, and Perspicuity of Judgment, all that have before written on this Subject; so that the Execution of this Work hath gained him universal Approbation, and lasting Reputation among all the Friends to the Art of Healing.*

Also just published by said BELL, *Proposals for Printing by Subscription*, LECTURES on the Duties and Qualifications of a PHYSICIAN, with ELEMENTS of the PRACTICE of PHYSIC. By JOHN GREGORY, M D F R S Physician to his Majesty, and Professor of Medicine in the University of Edinburgh.

The above Work may be had of William Green, Bookbinder, at Mr. Lenzi's, Confectioner, opposite the Queens Head, New-York. 80——84.

Gilbert Forbes,

Gun Maker,

At the sign of the Sportsman in the Broad Way, opposite Hull's tavern in New-York.

MAKES and sells all sorts of guns, in the neatest and best manner, on the lowest terms; has also for sale, silver and brass mounted pistols, rifle barrel guns, double swivel and double roller gun locks, common do. 50 ready made new bayonet guns, all of one size and pattern. 79 82

HENRY HART,
WHEELER.

At the Bottom of Golden Street, near the North River.

MAKES and SELLS all kinds of JEWELRY, viz. Stone Buckles, Bracelets, Lockets, for ladies, Stock Buckles, and Knee Buckles for gentlemen, and Fancy Rings, Gold Seals,—Mourning and Fancy Rings, with every other article of the branch done in the neatest Manner.

He flatters himself, that as he follows the business, and finds his Work in the best manner, he shall receive the encouragement from the Ladies and Gentlemen of this City.

N. B. Stopped, supposed to be Stolen, One Table Silver Spoon, wanting the end of the handle, and two Silver Tea Spoons—The Owner may have them, on proving his property, and paying charges. 79—81

Lately IMPORTED *and to be* SOLD,

A COMPLETE Apparatus of the Materials and complete Apparatus of a MILL for BATTERING and ROLLING of COPPER, which will likewise answer for an IRON WORK: Also AIR FURNACES for SMELTING and REFINING either COPPER, LEAD, or IRON.—For Particulars, and Terms of Sale, inquire of

JOHN H. CRUGER.

A SHIP, the St. George's Jack, supposed to have been taken by the owner, on proving his property and paying charges. Inquire of the Printer. 81—84

Good pasture for mares at ... mr. Watson's, on Cowtoo... attendance. 81 84

HENRY BRANT. Elizabeth-Town, Dec. 20, 1774. 70 87 Morris Town, 4th March, ...

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

HENRY HART,
JEWELLER.
At the Bottom of Crown-ſtreet, near the North-River.

Stock, Knee, and Knee Buckles for gentlemen, meet with encouragement from the Ladies
Gold Seals,—Mourning and Fancy Rings, and Gentlemen of this City.
N. B Stopped, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, with every other article of the branch done in the neateſt Manner.
One Table Silver Spoon, wanting the end of

Lately IMPORTED *and to be* SOLD,
AIR FURNACES for SMELTING and REFINING either COPPER, LEAD, or IRON.—For Particulars, and Terms of Sale, inquire of

A ſmall S. George's Jack, ſuppoſed to have been loſt off this port, may be had by the owners, proving property and paying charges.

ALL the Materials and complete Apparatus of a MILL for BATTERING

SUPPLEMENT
EXTRAORDINARY.

To the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, or GENERAL ADVERTISER Numb. 1682.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1775.

LONDON, *Dec.* 29.

IT is whiſpered at the Weſt end of the town that the troops will ſhortly be recalled from Boſton.

The greateſt ſecrecy and ſilence is ordered to be kept on the affairs of America; and the public may reſt aſſured, that ſome very diſagreeable advices have within theſe few days been received from Boſton, which have been managed with ſo much privacy, that few or none of the contents have tranſpired even to the people in office.

Some Buſineſs of the greateſt conſequence is on the carpet as not an evening paſſes but a Cabinet Council is held at the houſe of ſome of the members of the Cabinet.

It is very confidently ſaid, that a certain military Governor in America, has in his laſt letters particularly deſired leave to reſign, on account of the irreconcileable heats and animoſities now prevailing in his government.

Dec. 30. A Great Perſonage has declared his total diſapprobation of any conceſſion whatever relative to a certain propoſed alteration in the Quebec Bill.

Jan 4 It has been intimated to ſome conſiderable merchants, that the Miniſtry will be ready to meet any conciliatory meaſures that may be propoſed with reſpect to America; and it is wiſhed by many that the meeting of the American merchants this day may be productive of ſome ſcheme that may bring about matters before they are carried to too great lengths [*It is nonſenſe to talk of propoſing conciliating meaſures—The Americans have no terms to propoſe, nor can hear any They only inſiſt upon the enjoyment of their inherent rights and cannot give up a tittle of them without being abſolute ſlaves, which they are determined never to be, ſo long as they have hearts to feel, and hands to fight*]

The converſation of the merchants on 'Change on Wedneſday laſt, was ſuch as contradicted the news lately received from America, of affairs being deſperate; for private letters were produced, which affirmed that every thing was in a proper channel to bring about an accommodation, which was ſoon expected. [*Theſe are all lying accounts.*]

It has been calculated that Great Britain ſuſtains a loſs of upwards of one thouſand pounds per day excluſive of government duties, while this nation continues at variance with her American Colonies.

Jan. 11. It is now credited that a Governor will be appointed to ſucceed Gen. Gage.

Several families are upon the eve of going to America, with their materials for different kinds of manufactories.

Jan. 12. They write from St. Maloes, that more goods have been ſhipped off lately from thence to the Weſt Indies and America than for many years paſt; and that in return they received both corn and caſh.

Exeter, Dec 19. The diſtreſſes of the poor increaſe here; trade is totally at a ſtand, and every neceſſary article of life is engroſſed by the monied people, who bring their goods to market very ſeldom, which makes them ſo dear that the poor and middling tradeſmen are not able to purchaſe any; ſo that this once flouriſhing city is reduced by the loſs of trade, &c. to a ſcene of miſery and diſtreſs; and though the corporation have done every thing in their power to give them relief, yet they cannot fix upon any method to reduce the price of proviſions.

BRISTOL, January 11.

Extract of a letter from London, dated the 5th inſtant.

"The commercial part of this city begin to feel a very ſenſible alarm at the firm and temperate proceedings of the American congreſs; and many wiſe men entertain the moſt melancholy apprehenſions at the proſpect of approaching ruin to all the manufacturing towns in the kingdom. The merchants trading to America, have reſolved to petition parliament; and on Tueſday the Weſt India merchants were convened to conſider of an application made to them from upwards of twenty reſpectable planters of Jamaica and Leeward iſlands (among whom are Mr. Roſe Fuller and ſome other gentlemen who have always been conſidered as the firm friends of government) to concur with them in calling a general meeting, to deliberate on proper meaſures to be taken for their common preſervation. The reſolves of the Weſt India merchants on this occaſion, I encloſe to you herewith, and hope that the citizens of Briſtol, who have lately ſhewn ſuch virtue and public ſpirit in the choice of their repreſentatives, will not be backward in following ſo noble an example"

PHILADELPHIA.

The Governor, by Mr. Secretary, ſent down a written meſſage to the Houſe, which was read by order and is as follows, viz.

"*Gentlemen,*

"AT a time when the diſputes between Great Britain and her Colonies are drawing towards an alarming criſis, I cannot conſiſtent with my duty to his Majeſty, or a proper attention to the true intereſts of the people over whom I preſide, avoid recommending to you any meaſures which occur to me, as proper for the Repreſentatives of the province to purſue, or which, in my opinion, may have a tendency to compoſe thoſe unhappy differences.

"You will agree with me, Gentlemen, that in all caſes, wiſdom dictates the uſe of ſuch means as are moſt likely to attain the end propoſed. On the preſent occaſion it is conceived, that any grievance, which his Majeſty's ſubjects in America apprehend they have reaſon to complain of, ſhould be humbly repreſented to his Majeſty by the ſeveral Aſſemblies, as the only proper and conſtitutional mode of obtaining redreſs; and I have the beſt reaſon to believe that a proper attention will be paid to ſuch repreſentations, and to any propoſitions that may be made through that channel, on the preſent ſtate of American affairs.

"This mode therefore I earneſtly recommend to you to adopt; and I moſt ardently wiſh that the proceeding of this, as well as the other colonies, may be of ſuch a temperate and dutiful nature, as to afford a foundation for a re-eſtabliſhment of that harmony with the mother country, which is ſo eſſential to both.

Feb 21, 1775. JOHN PENN.

Saturday, Feb. 25. *A M.* Upon motion, *Reſolved*, That this Houſe will on Wedneſday the 8th day of March next, reſume the conſideration of the Governor's meſſage.

Wedneſday, March 8. The Houſe met, purſuant to adjournment, when the order of the 25th of laſt month being read, they proceeded to the conſideration of the Governor's meſſage, and after a debate of ſome length,

Ordered, That *Mr Dickinſon, Mr. Mifflin, Mr. Galloway, Mr. Pearſon, Mr. Morton Mr. Roſs, Mr Swoope, Mr. Allen, Mr. Chriſt, Mr. Edmonds, Mr. Dougherty, Mr. Hunter*, and *Mr William Thompſon* be a Committee to prepare and bring in a draught of an anſwer to the ſaid meſſage.

Thurſday, March 9. The Houſe reſumed the conſideration of the anſwer brought in laſt night to the Governor's meſſage, which was again read, when a member moving that the ſaid anſwer be recommitted, a debate aroſe, and after ſome time ſpent therein, the queſtion was called for, and put by the Speaker Carried in the negative.

The Houſe then proceeded in conſidering the ſaid anſwer, which being debated by paragraphs the queſtion was put, Whether the ſame ſhall be tranſcribed, and ſent to the Governor? Carried in the affirmative.

YEAS. Mr. *Gray* Mr. *Parker*. Mr. *Hillegas* Mr. *Mifflin*, Mr *Charles Thomſon*, Mr *Bartholomew* Mr. *John Jacobs*, Mr. *Gibbons*, Mr. *Pearſon*, Mr *Humphreys*, Mr. *Morton*, Mr. *Waylie*, Mr *Roſs*, Mr. *Ewing*, Mr. *Swoope*, Mr. *Allen*, Mr. *Montgomery*, Mr. *Chriſt*, Mr. *Edmonds*, Mr. *Dougherty*, Mr. *Hunter*, and Mr *William Thomſon*.

NAYS. Mr. *Pawling*, Mr. *Iſrael Jacobs*, Mr *Roberts*. Mr. *Rhoads*, Mr. *Brown*, Mr. *Foulke*, Mr. *Redman*, Mr. *Chapman* Mr. *Galloway*, Mr. *Wynkoop*, Mr. *Hewes*, Mr *Pennock*, Mr. *Webb*, Mr. *Ferree*, and Mr. *Slough*.

The anſwer of the Houſe to the Governor's meſſage being tranſcribed, according to order, was ſigned by the Speaker, and follows in theſe words, viz.

May it pleaſe your Honour,

WE are ſincerely obliged to your Honour for your attention to the true intereſts of the people over whom you preſide, at a time when the diſputes between *Great Britain* and the *American* colonies are drawing towards an alarming criſis; and we agree with you, "that in all caſes, wiſdom dictates the uſe of ſuch means as are moſt likely to attain the ends propoſed"

We have, with deep concern, beheld a ſyſtem of colony adminiſtration purſued ſince the year 1763, deſtructive to the rights and liberties of his Majeſty's moſt faithful ſubjects in America, and have heretofore adopted ſuch meaſures as we thought were moſt likely to reſtore that affection and harmony between the parent ſtate and the colonies which it is the true intereſt of both countries to cultivate and maintain, and which we moſt ſincerely wiſh to ſee reſtored.

We muſt inform your Honour, that a moſt humble, dutiful and affectionate petition from the Delegates of all the colonies from *Nova Scotia* to *Georgia* is now at the foot of the throne, and we truſt in the paternal affection and juſtice of our moſt gracious Sovereign, that he will interpoſe for the relief of his greatly diſtreſſed and ever faithful ſubjects in *America*.

We aſſure your Honour, that this Houſe will always purſue ſuch meaſures, as ſhall appear to them neceſſary, for ſecuring the liberties of America, and eſtabliſhing peace, confidence and harmony between Great Britain and her colonies.

Signed by order of the Houſe,
EDWARD BIDDLE, Speaker.
March 9, 1775.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, dated December 31, 1774,

"The Miniſtry are exceedingly embarraſſed by the meaſures of your Congreſs, and Lord North quite planet ſtruck; and could any method be pointed out to ſave the honour of the nation, I believe all the offenſive acts would be repealed."

Extract of a letter from Birmingham, per Packet.

"The merchants of London are to petition Parliament for a redreſs of American grievances; and our Houſe will do all we can to put forward petitions of a like nature from this town and the neighbouring places."

Extract of a letter from London, dated January 4. 1775.

"The petition of the Congreſs to the King was received graciouſly, but referred to the deliberations of Parliament, which meet the 19th inſtant.—The Miniſtry keep their intentions cloſe; but it is ſaid, are inclined to relax a little, and to accomodate matters.——The merchants and traders to North-America met this day, and unanimouſly choſe a Committee of twenty three perſons, to frame a petition to the Houſe of Commons, which, avoiding political diſcuſſions, is to be confined to a repreſentation of commercial grievances —The people here are a good deal divided in opinion on this important queſtion. Many of them do not underſtand it and others pretending the neceſſity of a Sovereign power being lodged ſomewhere in every ſtate, indulge themſelves in declaiming, with all the virulence of party, againſt America, which wants not, however, able ſupporters.—The preſs teems with publications on both ſides; though the advocates for American Liberty have, in my opinion, greatly and manifeſtly the advantage. The manufacturing counties begin already to diſcover ſymptoms of redreſs."

Capt. Stevens from Liſbon about 10 days ago, ſpoke the ſloop Little Betſy Captain Caſdon, from New York, to St Croix, out 15 days who had loſt his bowſprit.

Capt Emes from Briſtol, on the 9th inſt. in lat. 38, 12, long. 71, 8, ſpeke the brig Betſy, Capt. Byrn, from New-York, for Barbados, out 14 days.

In ASSEMBLY, at NEW-CASTLE.

Wedneſday, 15th March 1775. A. M.

Reſolved nemine contradicente, That this houſe do approve of the proceedings of the

late CONGRESS, held at Philadelphia, and of the conduct of the gentlemen appointed Deputies to attend the same on the part of this government.

On motion, *Resolved, nemine contradicente*, That the thanks of this house be given to all the members of the said Congress and in particular to the gentlemen who represented this government at the same, for their faithful and judicious discharge of the trust in them reposed.

Ordered, That the minutes and journal of the said Convention and Congress be depositted amongst the files and minutes of this house.

Thursday, 16th March, A. M.

Upon motion, *Resolved, nem. con.* That the hon. Cæsar Rodney, Speaker, Thomas M'Kean, and George Read, Esquires be, and they are hereby appointed and authorised to represent this government, at the American Congress proposed to be held at the city of Philadelphia on the tenth day of May next or at any other time and place, with full power to them or any of them, together with the Delegates from the other American Colonies, to concert and agree upon such further measures as shall appear to them best calculated for the accommodation of the unhappy differences between Great Britain and the Colonies upon a constitutional foundation, which the house most ardently wish for; and that they report their proceeding to the next session of General Assembly *Extract from the minutes*,

JOHN MACPHERSON Clerk of Assem.

BOSTON, March 20

On Thursday the 9th instant Capt. Francis Grandy arrived at Marblehead with melasses on board, which he loaded at Dominica. Application was immediately made by the Committee of Inspection to Jacob Fowle, Esq. the owner, and he accordingly agreed to comply with the association The master reported his whole cargo, which contained some articles admissible by the association, and on Saturday last put to sea without breaking bulk; he would have sailed before had wind and weather permitted.

NEWPORT, March 20.

We are well informed that Gen Gage has 400 of Rivington's papers regularly sent him every week by the post, which are distributed among the army, navy, and such others as are thought most proper to promote the infamous plan of enslaving this country. These papers are doubtless paid for out of the American revenue: Then, Americans, you already begin to see your own money employed for enslaving yourselves and your children.

It is confidently asserted that 60 000 pounds sterling have been remitted from the treasury in England, to be distributed among some hungry dogs at New York.

On Monday last arrived here, after a passage of four months, from Falkland's Island, the ship King George, John Greenwood master, with 170 barrels of oil, 1000 weight of bone, and 500 sealskins —— There are upward of 200 of those islands, great and small, the two largest of which are about 60 miles long and 40 broad.—Port Egmont, where Capt. Greenwood stay'd several weeks, is between 51 and 52 S. lat. and about 80 leagues from the southern part of this continent. The winter there (which is the time of our summer) is not so cold as our winters, but the winds in general more violent, mostly from the westward. The islands are principally covered with good grass of various kinds, but not a tree nor shrub to be seen on any of them; whales, seals, geese, ducks, and a great variety of fowl unknown in these parts are very plenty, and caught with great ease.—With regard to clouds, sunshine, fogs, &c. there is no great difference between this country and that.

Capt. Greenwood found his Majesty's sloop Endeavour at Falkland's Islands, and though he was in great want of anchors, &c. he could procure no assistance from the Endeavour.

By the late proceedings in Boston, it seems that those sent over to repeal or make null and void the good and *wholesome* law of tarring and feathering, and to establish a new fangled form of government in the Massachusetts Bay (strange to tell!) have actually adopted the very laws they were sent to abolish!—Is it possible that the omnipotent King Lords and Commons of Great Britain should send a powerful fleet and army, 3000 miles, at the expence of millions of money, *only* for the purpose of tarring and feathering a poor, harmless countryman?!!

We are well assured, that his honour our Governor has received a circular letter from Lord Dartmouth, of January 4, in which his Lordship informs him, that a number of people, calling themselves Delegates from several colonies, having assembled at Philadelphia last fall, without the King's authority or consent, and had, amongst other unwarrantable proceedings, resolved that another Congress should be held there in May next, if certain *pretended* grievances should not be redressed before that time; he was commanded to signify his Majesty's pleasure that the Governor should use his utmost endeavours to prevent any Delegates being appointed by this colony, and should exhort all persons to desist from such unjustifiable proceedings, which will be highly displeasing to the King [Why don't his Majesty put a stop to the Congresses or Meetings in England?]

By all accounts from England it appears, that the merchants traders, tradesmen, mechanics, &c. are holding unlawful meetings, in the Tory sense of the word, in various parts of that kingdom but we don't find one syllable of a proclamation against them.

A Translation of an extract of a letter from a gentleman in the service of a principal officer of state at Paris, to his friend in Newport, (Rhode Island.)

My Dear Chevalier,

"YOU are nearly of my opinion, respecting the affair between Great Britain and her colonies —Believe me some years have elapsed since the scheme was projected for the alteration of the form of the Massachusetts government.——

As soon as the project was determined upon, the cabinet of Great Britain used all possible means to procure peace with her neighbouring nations. The fall of the duke of Ch—l was a mark of the highest complaisance to her. It is well known that the minister (though in disgrace) directed all, or at least the greater part of the business of our cabinet —— Britain was well enough assured that they could keep the house of Bourbon still; but Spain had given such instructions to her ambassador as would have caused a rupture had they been observed:——But Prince Massarano was recalled.

"The death of Lewis XV set the spirits of our people in agitation,—the old parliament made remonstances, and our clergy murmured on account of the new regulations against them.——It was then Lord North caused a report to circulate at London of his being ill, that he might come to Paris incog. in order to ascertain himself of the disposition of our court He remained there but two days, which time he spent in conferences with the ministry, who, like other Danaes, were tempted by the British gold scattered by Jupiter North.—His policy was seducing, and retained us in the same state of inaction we now continue that he might be at liberty to set your part of the world in confusion.

"Assure yourself Great Britain is not much more quiet than you are—it is almost the general opinion here, that a revolt will take place in England, if the trade be interrupted between that kingdom and the colonies.

"The Royal family of England is too numerous for the taxes of the nation to maintain them alone:* Besides the great debt under which they now labour, they expend much for the support of Hanover; this accounts why *King George* thinks himself obliged to deal with *America* as Frederick does with his neighbours

"—Orders are given at *Isle of Rhe*, for the transport of 4 000 men, in two frigates and three ships of the line, to our colonies: I cannot tell you their destination.

"We are busy to complete all the regiments that are deficient—the King has caused a general state of his marine forces to be laid before him—the Queen's pregnancy is declared; and, to conclude, I assure you that a rupture between Spain and England is at no great distance."——

* *What would this writer have said had he been informed of the additional weight of the numerous* Malcolms, Richardsons, Hutchinsons *&c lately added to the enormous pension list!!*

TO BE SOLD at

RHINELANDER'S STORE,

At the Corner of Burling's Slip,

A LARGE and very general Assortment of China, Glass, and Earthen Ware, also, an elegant Assortment of LOOKING GLASSES, Pictures and Maps as usual.—A Quantity of common Bristol and Liverpool Ware in Crates, and Quart Bottles by the Groce.——Ready Money and the highest Price will be given for all kinds of shipping Furs. 79——82

HENRY O'BRIAN,

Stay Maker from DUBLIN,

MOST gratefully acknowledges the favours he hath received of his kind customers, and with the utmost gratitude returns them and the public in general, many thanks for their encouragement, which he hopes he shall continue to merit, by a close and constant attendance to his business with an obliging readiness to serve all who may please to favour him with their commands. He hath all kinds of Stays ready made in the neatest and newest fashion, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms for cash or short credit, where Ladies may be also supplied with all kinds of French & Mecklenburgh waistcoats, Riding ditto &c. in the newest fashions and on the shortest notice by the Public's humble servant, at the sign of the Stays, near Flattenbarrack hill in the Broadway 80—— 83

PARCHMENT,

Which by those who have tried it, is esteemed superior to most imported from England,

Made and sold at reasonable rates by

ROBERT WOOD,

In Fifth-Street, a little below Walnut Street, Philadelphia

Sold also by Joseph Crukshank, Printer, in Market Street, between Second & Third Streets, and by Isaac Collins, Printer, in Burlington, Hugh Gaine and John Holt, Printers, in New York, and by Joseph Dunkley, Painter and Glazier, opposite the Methodist Meeting House.

THE Demand for this Parchment being much increased of late, has encouraged said Wood to extend his Works, so that he now expects to be able to supply his Customers in a manner more satisfactory than heretofore, without Fear of a Disappointment.

WILLIAM THORNE,

TAYLOR and SHOP KEEPER,

In Smith's Ely, next door to Dr. Toman's,

TAKES this method to inform his friends, customers and the public in general, That he has just come to hand a few pieces broad cloth and Bath coatings of various colours, green knaps, green and blue baize, white and brown buckram and forest cloths, a few pieces royal ribbed and maccaroni velveret, dowlas and Irish linens, with trimmings suitable. He will undertake to make middle sized men's cloths at the undermentioned prices, viz

	£.		
A plain suit superfine cloth,	8	10	0
Half trimmed, ditto,	9	0	0
Full dress, ditto,	10	0	0
Coat and waistcoat superfine cloth,	6	15	0
A suit best velvet any colour, lined with satin,	38	0	0
Suit figured ancheſter velvet,	15	10	0
Suit ratteen trimmed with feather velvet and gold buttons,	21	0	0
Pair silk velveret breeches,	2	0	0
Single coat superfine cloth,	5	0	0
Plain suit second best cloth,	7	0	0
Coat and waistcoat ditto.	5	5	0
Surtout coat best Bath beaver,	2	15	0
Plain cloth suit livery.	5	16	0
Ditto, with shag breeches,	7	0	0
Thickset frock and waistcoat,	3	16	0
Livery surtout coat,	3	16	0

Gentlemen who chuse to employ him, may depend on having their cloaths done in the genteelest manner.

*** Good encouragement to Journeymen Taylors. 71——

New-Jersey, Sussex County, } NOTICE is hereby given, to the creditors of Matthias Clark an insolvent debtor, now confined in the common Gaol of the County of Sussex that they appear before Nathaniel Pettit and Samuel Lunday, Esqrs two of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Sussex aforesaid, on Thursday the sixth Day of April next at the Court House in the said County, to shew cause, if any they have, why an Assignment of said Debtor's Estate should not be made, and he discharged; pursuant to an Act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of the Province of New-Jersey, entitled, "an Act for the Relief of insolvent Debtors." Jan 10 1775. 70 81

The Morris Town Stage Waggon,

Which was first set on foot, and has been, for upwards of 4 years continued by

DANIEL AND SILAS BURNET.

BEING provided with good accommodations for passengers, ladies or gentlemen, will set out every Thursday morning early from Powles Hook ferry, and from the other stages on the road (weather permitting) at the usual times.

The proprietors, have also adopted proper measures, to secure the goods committed to their care, from being lost or stolen on the passage, and will be answerable for their safe delivery, according to directions: They therefore hope, from their former customers and others, to meet with the encouragement they shall constantly use their best endeavours to deserve. 79 82

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;

Where all Sorts of Printing is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion,